

ABB i-bus[®] KNX SMI Blind/Shutter Actuators Product Manual



Power and productivity for a better world™

ABB i-bus[®] KNX Contents

Contents

1	General	. 3
1.1 1.1.1 1.1.2	Using the product manual Structure of the product manual Note	4
1.2	Product and functional overview	
2	Device Technology	.7
2.1 2.1.1 2.1.2 2.1.3 2.2	SMI Blind/Shutter Actuators JA/S 4.SMI.1M Technical data JA/S 4.SMI.1M Circuit diagram Dimension drawing SMI LoVo Blind/Shutter Actuator SJR/S 4.24.2.1	7 9 .10
2.2.1 2.2.2 2.2.3 2.3 2.4	Technical data SJR/S 4.24.2.1 Circuit diagram Dimension drawing Assembly and installation Manual operation	.13 .14 .15
2.4 2.4.1 2.4.2	Display elements	.18
3	Commissioning	19
3.1 3.2 3.2.1 3.2.2 3.2.3 3.2.4 3.2.5 3.2.6 3.2.7 3.2.8 3.2.9 3.2.10 3.2.11 3.2.12 3.2.13 3.2.14 3.3 3.2.14 3.3 3.3.1 3.3.2 3.3.3	Overview Parameters Parameter window General Parameter window Manual Parameter window ElB/KNX Parameter window Weather Parameter window SMI Drives Parameter window Output A - D Parameter window Safety Parameter window Safety Parameter window Safety Parameter window Safety Parameter window Soliton Parameter window Position Parameter window Position 1-4 Parameter window Auto 1 Parameter window Auto 1 Parameter window Auto 2 Parameter window Auto 2 Parameter window Auto 2 Parameter window Auto 3 Parameter window Auto 4 Parameter window Auto 4 Descene Parameter window Auto 5 Descene Parameter window Auto 6 Descene Parameter window Auto 7 Descene Parameter window Auto 8 Descene Parameter window Auto 9 Descene Communication objects Descene Communication objects 0utput AD Descene Communication objects General Descene </td <td>20 21 24 26 29 31 32 39 42 339 42 43 54 54 54 54 56 64</td>	20 21 24 26 29 31 32 39 42 339 42 43 54 54 54 54 56 64
4	Planning and Application	
4.1 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 4.2 4.3 4.3.1 4.3.2	Standard Motor Interface (SMI) Introduction Connection Commissioning SMI technical data Move to position Automatic controls Automatic sun protection Heating / cooling automatic	.67 .67 .68 .68 .69 .71 .71

Page

Α	Appendix	79
	Code table Status byte	
A.2	Code table Diagnostic byte	
A.3	Code table <i>Scene</i> (8 bit), DPT 18.001	
A.4	Ordering Information	
A.5	Notes	

ABB i-bus[®] KNX General

1 General

Shading

Modern building installation enables a high degree of functionality and simultaneously complies with increased security requirements. Due to the structured installation of the electrical components, it is possible to carry out rapid planning, installation and set-up as well as achieve cost benefits during operation.

A whole host of demands are placed on the sun protection devices:

- Anti-glare protection e.g. for PC workstations
- Utilization of daylight by tracking the sun's position and directing available daylight
- Protecting furniture and carpets from fading
- Regulating the room temperature, overheating protection in summer; harvesting the available energy on cold days
- Providing protection from people looking in from the outside
- Protection against intruders

The role of protection against the sun in buildings is increasing in significance due to increasing energy costs and statutory regulations. With intelligent and automated control via ABB i-bus® KNX, the SMI Actuators play a significant role in the energy efficiency of all kinds of buildings. The potential savings for cooling using automatic blind control were presented in a study by the Biberach University of Applied Sciences:



Potential saving compared to manual operation

5h

30

4h

2h

Determined by the Biberach University of Applied Sciences with ABB i-bus® KNX components for usage profile openplan office (usage profile 3 [DIN V 18599-10:2005-07]) in an example building (classical office building) with the 5S IBP:18599 program. The potential savings relate to the energy consumption. The research results are included in the study Energy saving and efficiency potential through the use of bus technology as well as room and building automation, which was undertaken in 2008 for ABB STOTZ-KONTAKT GmbH and Busch-Jaeger Elektro GmbH.

%

8h



Standard Motor Interface (SMI)

The digital SMI interface between actuator and drive is supported by many manufacturers and has become established as the de facto standard for digital shutter control. SMI certified products from different manufacturers are compatible and can be operated simultaneously in a system.

The blind control with SMI enables even more exact positioning of the shutter/blinds as well as evaluation and display of status messages from the drive via the KNX.

1.1 Using the product manual

This manual provides you with detailed technical information relating to the function, installation and programming of the ABB i-bus[®] KNX SMI Blind/Shutter Actuators. The application of the device is explained using examples.

This manual is divided into the following sections:

- Chapter 1 General
- Chapter 2 Device technology
- Chapter 3 Commissioning
- Chapter 4 Planning and application
- Chapter A Appendix

1.1.1 Structure of the product manual

All parameters are initially described in chapter 3. Directly following the parameter descriptions, you can find descriptions for the communication objects.

Note

The device features several outputs. However, as the functions and communication objects for all outputs are identical, only the functions of output A will be described.

ABB i-bus[®] KNX General

1.1.2

Note

Notes and safety instructions are represented as follows in this manual:

Note

Tips for usage and operation

Examples

Application examples, installation examples, programming examples

Important

These safety instructions are used as soon as there is danger of a malfunction without risk of damage or injury.

Caution

These safety instructions are used as soon as there is danger of a malfunction without risk of damage or injury.



Danger

These safety instructions are used if there is a danger for life and limb with inappropriate use.



These safety instructions are used if there is a danger to life with inappropriate use.

ABB i-bus[®] KNX General

1.2 Product and functional overview

The SMI Actuators from ABB STOTZ-KONTAKT feature 4 independent outputs for control of SMI blinds or shutter drives. In total, up to 4 SMI drives can be connected in parallel to an output and operated in the group. The SMI drives are addressed automatically. SMI commissioning is unnecessary. The following functions are available with the application program.

- Move UP/DOWN, Stop/Louvre adjustment
- Move into position (up to 4 preset positions)
- Set position (modification of the preset position via KNX)
- Move to position 0...100 %
- Scenes
- Sun automatic control
- Heating/cooling automatic control
- Monitoring of wind, rain and frost alarms (cyclical)
- Block and forced operation
- Status display: current position/louvre position
- Status display: current operating mode
- Status display: current state of the SMI drive
- Modification of parameter settings via KNX

2 Device Technology

2.1

SMI Blind/Shutter Actuators JA/S 4.SMI.1M



The SMI Blind/Shutter Actuator JA/S 4.SMI.1M controls four independent groups each with up to 4 SMI blind or shutter drives (230 V) for positioning blinds, shutters, awnings and other shutter/blinds via ABB i-bus[®] KNX.

The outputs can be directly controlled on the device using the manual pushbuttons. The LEDs on the front of the device signal the status of the outputs. The Blind/Shutter Actuator is a modular installation device for installation in the distribution board on 35 mm mounting rails. The connection to the ABB i-bus[®] is implemented via bus connection terminals.

2.1.1 Technical data JA/S 4.SMI.1M

Supply	Operating voltage	230 V AC +10/-15 %, 4565 Hz
	Bus voltage	2130 V DC via KNX
	Current consumption KNX	< 12 mA
	Power consumption KNX	Maximum 250 mW
	Power consumption 230 V AC	Maximum 2 W
	Leakage loss	Maximum 1.8 W
Outputs	4 individual SMI outputs	Up to 4 SMI drives (230 V) can each be connected in parallel
	SMI control voltage	18 V DC
	SMI cable lengths	Maximum 350 m
Connections	SMI	2 screw terminals per output (I+; I-) Conductor cross-section: Stranded: 0.22.5 mm ² Solid: 0.24 mm ²
	230 V AC power supply	2 screw terminals for L 2 screw terminals for N Conductor cross-section: Stranded: 0.22.5 mm ² Solid: 0.24 mm ²
	Tightening torque	Maximum 0.6 Nm
	ABB i-bus [®] KNX	Bus connection terminal (black/red), 0.8 mm Ø, single-core
Operating and display elements	Button/LED - •	For assignment of the physical address
	Buttons ① ① and LEDs ? ? Two buttons and LEDs per output	For control (UP/DOWN (long actuation) or STOP/louvre adjustment (short operation) of the output and display of the status
	Button 😂 and LED 👷	For switchover between manual operation and operation via KNX
Enclosure	IP 20, EN 60 529	
Safety class	II, in the installed state	To EN 61 140
Insulation category	Overvoltage category	III to EN 60 664-1
	Pollution degree	2 to EN 60 664-1
KNX safety extra low voltage	SELV 24 V DC	

Temperature range	Operation	-5 °C…+45 °C
	Storage	-25 °C+55 °C
	Transport	-25 °C+70 °C
Ambient conditions	Maximum air humidity	93 %, no condensation allowed
Design	Modular installation device (MDRC)	ProM modular installation device
	Dimensions (H x W x D) in mm	90 x 72 x 64.5
	Mounting width in space units (modules at 18 mm)	4
	Mounting depth	64.5
Weight (without batteries)	Weight in kg	0.25
Installation	On 35 mm mounting rail	To EN 60 715
Mounting position	As required	
Housing/colour	Plastic housing, grey	Halogen free
Approvals	KNX to EN 50 090-1, -2 SMI	Certificate
CE mark	In accordance with the EMC guideline and low voltage guideline	

Device type	Application program	Maximum number of communication objects	Maximum number of group addresses	Maximum number of associations
JA/S 4.SMI.1M	Shutter SMI 4f M/*	134	250	250

*... = current version number of the application program. Please observe the software information on our homepage for this purpose.

Note

The ETS and the current version of the device application program are required for programming. The current version of the application program is available for download on the internet at *www.abb.com/knx*. After import in the ETS, it is available in the ETS under *ABB/Shutter/Switch*. The device does not support the locking function of a KNX device in the ETS. If you inhibit access to all devices of the project with a *BCU code*, it has no effect on this device. It can still be read and programmed.



Circuit diagram



- 1 Label carrier
- 2 Button/LED *Programming* • (red)
- 3 Bus connection terminal
- 4 Auxiliary voltage 230 V AC
- 6 SMI connection terminals (I+; I-)
- 7 LED UP/DOWN/Position (yellow)
- 8 Buttons UP/DOWN/STOP/louvre adjustment **00**

2.1.3 Dimension drawing



2CDC 072 038 F0011

2.2

SMI LoVo Blind/Shutter Actuator SJR/S 4.24.2.1



The SMI LoVo Blind/Shutter Actuator SJR/S 4.24.2.1 controls four independent groups each with up to 4 SMI LoVo blind or shutter drives (24 V) for positioning blinds, shutters, awnings and other shutters/blinds via ABB i-bus[®] KNX.

The outputs can be directly controlled on the device using the manual pushbuttons. The LEDs on the front of the device signal the status of the outputs.

The Blind/Shutter Actuator is a modular installation device for installation in the distribution board on 35 mm mounting rails. The connection to the ABB i-bus[®] is implemented via bus connection terminals.

2.2.1 Technical data SJR/S 4.24.2.1

Supply	Operating voltage	230 V AC +10/-15 %, 4565 Hz
	Bus voltage	2130 V DC via KNX
	Current consumption KNX	< 12 mA
	Power consumption KNX	Maximum 250 mW
	Power consumption 230 V AC	Maximum 2 W
	Leakage loss	Maximum 1.8 W
Outputs	4 individual SMI outputs	Up to 4 SMI LoVo drives (24 V) can each be connected in parallel
	SMI control voltage	18 V DC
	SMI cable lengths	Maximum 350 m
Connections	SMI	2 screw terminals per output (I+; I-) Conductor cross-section: Stranded: 0.22.5 mm ² Solid: 0.24 mm ²
	Auxiliary voltage 230 V AC	2 screw terminals for L 2 screw terminals for N Conductor cross-section: Stranded: 0.22.5 mm ² Solid: 0.24 mm ²
	Tightening torque	Maximum 0.6 Nm
	ABB i-bus [®] KNX	Bus connection terminal (black/red), 0.8 mm Ø, single-core
Operating and display elements	Button/LED - •	For assignment of the physical address
	Buttons ① ① and LEDs ? ? Two buttons and LEDs per output	For control (UP/DOWN (long actuation) or STOP/louvre adjustment (short operation) of the output and display of the status
	Button 🗟 and LED $\stackrel{>}{\geq}$	For switchover between manual operation and operation via KNX
Enclosure	IP 20, EN 60 529	
Safety class	II, in the installed state	To EN 61 140
Isolation category	Overvoltage category Pollution degree	III to EN 60 664-1 2 to EN 60 664-1
KNX safety extra low voltage	SELV 24 V DC	

Temperature range	Operation	-5 °C+45 °C
	Storage	-25 °C+55 °C
	Transport	-25 °C+70 °C
Ambient conditions	Maximum air humidity	93 %, no condensation allowed
Design	Modular installation device (MDRC)	Pro <i>M</i> modular installation device
	Dimensions (H x W x D) in mm	90 x 72 x 64.5
	Mounting width in space units (modules at 18 mm)	4
	Mounting depth	64.5
Weight (without batteries)	Weight in kg	0.25
Installation	On 35 mm mounting rail	To EN 60 715
Mounting position	As required	
Housing/colour	Plastic housing, grey	Halogen free
Approvals	KNX to EN 50 090-1, -2 SMI	Certification

Device type	Application program	Maximum number of communication objects	Maximum number of group addresses	Maximum number of associations
SJR/S 4.24.2.1	Shutter/Blinds SMI 4f LoVo M/*	134	250	250

* ... = current version number of the application program. Please observe the software information on our homepage for this purpose.

Note

The ETS and the current version of the device application program are required for programming. The current version of the application program is available for download on the internet at *www.abb.com/knx*. After import in the ETS, it is available in the ETS under *ABB/Shutter/Switch*. The device does not support the closing function of a KNX device in the ETS. If you inhibit access to all devices of the project with a *BCU code*, it has no effect on this device. It can still be read and programmed.



Circuit diagram



- 1 Label carrier
- 2 Button/LED Programming (red)
- 3 Bus connection terminal
- 4 Auxiliary voltage 230 V AC
- 6 SMI LoVo connection terminals (I+; I-)
- 7 LED UP/DOWN/Position (yellow)
- 8 Buttons UP/DOWN/STOP/louvre adjustment **00**

2.2.3

Dimension drawing



2CDC 072 090 F0010

2.3 Assembly and installation

The SMI Blind/Shutter Actuators are modular installation devices for installation in the distribution board on 35 mm mounting rails to EN 60 715.

The mounting position can be selected as required.

The electrical connection is implemented using screw terminals. The connection to the bus is implemented using the supplied bus connection terminal. The terminal assignment is located on the housing.

The device is ready for operation after connection to the bus voltage.

Accessibility to the device for the purpose of operation, testing, visual inspection, maintenance and repair must be provided compliant to VDE 0100-520.

Caution

Before the device is installed, the upper and lower end positions of the blind motor must be learned. The details supplied by the motor manufacturer must be observed. The end position values are stored in the shutter motor.

Connection of 230 V to the SMI control lines I+ and I- is strictly prohibited to prevent damage to the device!

If SMI drives are controlled via the KNX mode of the device, the connection of conventional buttons to the SMI control cable is prohibited.

Note

The LED *Programming* • (red) is supplied with power via the power supply of the device and via the bus. It lights up after pressing the *Programming* button even without a connection to the KNX. The LED can therefore only be used to verify the bus connection and for programming, if the bus voltage is available and the 230 V auxiliary supply has been disconnected.

Commissioning requirements

In order to commission the device, a PC with ETS and a KNX interface, e.g. USB or IP, are required. The device is ready for operation after connection to the bus voltage.

The installation and commissioning may only be carried out by qualified electrical specialists. The appropriate norms, guidelines, regulations and specifications for your country should be observed when planning and setting up electrical installations and security systems for intrusion and fire detection.

Protect the device from damp, dirt and damage during transport, storage and operation.

Only operate the device within the specified technical data limits!

The device should only be operated in an enclosed housing (distribution board)!

The voltage supply to the device must be switched off, before mounting work is performed.



In order to avoid dangerous touch voltages, which originate through feedback from differing phase conductors, all-pole disconnection must be observed when extending or modifying the electrical connections.

Manual operation

The device incorporates manual operating features. Special device functions can be undertaken using the operating keys on the foil keypad.

The foil keypad may not be operated with pointed or sharp-edged objects, e.g. screwdrivers or pens. This may damage the keypad.

Supplied state

The device is supplied with the physical address 15.15.255. The application program is preloaded. It is therefore only necessary to load group addresses and parameters during commissioning.

However, the complete application program can be reloaded if required. A longer downtime may result if the application program is changed or after a discharge. Manual operation does not function in the discharged state.

Assignment of the physical address

The assignment and programming of the physical address is carried out in the ETS.

The device features a *Programming* button for assignment of the physical device address. The red LED *Programming* lights up after the button has been pushed. It switches off as soon as the ETS has assigned the physical address or the *Programming* button is pressed again.

Download response

Depending on the PC, which is used, the progress bar for the download may take up to one and a half minutes, before it appears, due to the complexity of the device.

Cleaning

If devices become dirty, they can be cleaned using a dry cloth or a cloth dampened with a soapy solution. Corrosive agents or solutions should never be used.

Maintenance

The device is maintenance-free. No repairs should be carried out by unauthorised personnel if damage occurs, e.g. during transport and/or storage.

2.4 Manual operation

General

The outputs can be directly controlled using the buttons in manual operation.

Accordingly, the wiring of the drives connected to the outputs can be verified during commissioning. You can, for example, ensure that the connected blind drives moves up and down correctly. If bus voltage is not yet available at the time of commissioning, the device can be supplied with power for manual operation using the Power Supply NTI/Z.

Function of manual operation

Manual operation facilitates on-location operation of the device. As standard the button *Annual operation* is enabled and can be switched on and off using it.

Switch on of manual operation:

Press button a until the yellow LED $\frac{2}{5}$ lights continuously.

Switch off of manual operation:

Press button 🕾 until the yellow LED 🕏 switches off.

The yellow LED ²/₂ flashes during the switchover process.

After connection to the KNX, an ETS download or ETS reset, the device is in KNX operation. The LED $\frac{1}{2}$ is off. All LEDs indicate the current state.

Note

If the *Manual operation* is generally disabled or disabled via communication object *Enable/block manual operation*, the LED a flashes during a button push.

A switchover from KNX operation to the Manual operation mode does not occur.

Important

Safety telegrams such as weather alarms, blocking and forced operation have the highest priority and block manual operation. This is carried out if manual operation is activated and a safety telegram is received. The reaction after bus voltage recovery, programming or ETS reset can be set using the ETS parameters.

Supplied state

Manual operation is enabled by default in the supplied state. The device is in KNX operation after connection to the bus. The yellow LED $\frac{2}{5}$ is off. All LEDs for the outputs indicate the actual state. The buttons for the outputs are non-functional.

In the default delivery state, the *Blinds* operating mode is preloaded. If a short UP/DOWN telegram (step) is triggered via the manual operation, it is possible that short jerky movements will result in the connected roller blinds in *Blinds* operating mode. In order to avoid this reaction when roller blinds are connected, the *Shutter* operating mode should be selected in the application program and loaded in the device.

Telegram processing with active manual operation

Incoming safety telegrams such as weather alarms, blocking and forced operation have the highest priority and are implemented. All other telegrams are received and stored. After manual operation is deactivated, the device will update.

If a telegram with the value 1 is received via communication object *Enable/block manual operation,* active manual operation is deactivated and then blocked. Manual operation can no longer by activated by the manual buttons.

2.4.1 Display elements

Indicator LEDs are located on the front of the device.

All LEDs Output X indicate the actual state. In KNX operation the LED & is off.

The response of the display elements is described in the following table:

LED	KNX operation	Manual operation
_	Off: The device is in KNX mode	On: The device is in manual mode.
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Flashes (for about 3 seconds): Changeover to manual mode.	Flashes (for about 3 seconds): Changeover to KNX mode.
Manual operation	Flashes continuously: The LED flashes, until button \bigotimes is pressed. The LED \bigotimes switches off when released.	
Output A…X UP/DOWN	On \widehat{f} : Upper limit position. On \widehat{f} : Lower limit position. Flashes \widehat{f} : Shutter/blind moving upwards. Flashes \widehat{f} : Shutter/blinds moving downwards. Both LEDs quickly flash alternately: SMI communication fau	lt, e.g. no drive is connected to this output, 230 V auxiliary
voltage is not available or SMI data line is damaged. Both LEDs slowly flash alternately: Function Safety active, e.g. wind alarm. Manual operation of this as long as the alarm is active. Both LEDs flash simultaneously: Non-permissible number of SMI drives is connected.		
	OFF: Intermediate position or no voltage available.	

2.4.2 Operating controls

Buttons for manual operation are located on the front of the device.

The behaviour of the operating elements dependent on the operating states *KNX* - operation and *Manual* operation is described in the following table:

Button	KNX operation	Manual operation
(Sur	Long button operation (about 3 sec.): Switch to Manual operation, provided that Manual operation is not blocked by a parameter setting.	Long button operation (about 3 sec.): Changeover to the KNX operation. The inputs are queried again, and the input states are updated accordingly.
Manual operation	Short button push: LED and an and switches off again. The device is once again in Manual operation.	The reset of manual operation to KNX operation can be undertaken in a programmable time, depending on the parameterization.
00	No reaction	Long operation: UP/DOWN or opening/closing of the contact.
Output A…X UP/DOWN		Short operation: Louvre adjustment*/STOP.

* Louvre adjustment only on operation mode *Blinds*. During the operating mode *Shutter*, the travel stops with short actuation.

3 Commissioning

Caution

Before the device is installed, the upper and lower end positions of the blind motor must be learned. The details supplied by the motor manufacturer must be observed. The end position values are stored in the shutter motor.

In order to guarantee simple programming, the application program is structured dynamically, i.e. in the basic setting only very few important communication objects and parameters are visible. The full functionality of the application program becomes visible via the activation of the respective parameters.

The parameter settings can be undertaken for every output separately and are the same for all outputs. Thus, the programming effort can be considerably reduced when setting the parameters. In both cases, the communication objects are available separately for every object.

The device can either be operated in individual mode (one SMI drive per output) or in parallel mode with multiple addressing (up to 4 SMI drives as a group per output). Accordingly, no SMI addressing is necessary during commissioning. The SMI Actuators JA/S 4.SMI.1M and JRA/S 4.24.2.1 cyclically check the bus for (new) drives and can detect and resolve them in cases of an address conflict.

For the exchange and commissioning of an SMI drive, no SMI addressing must be undertaken. Any SMI drives from various manufacturers can be combined with one another.

3.1 Overview

Overview of the functions in a tabular form:

SMI Blind/Shutter Actuators	JA/S 4.SMI.1M	SJR/S 4.24.2.1
Type of installation	MDRC	MDRC
Module width (space units)	4	4
Number of outputs	4	4
Number of SMI drives per output	4 x SMI 230 V (parallel)	4 x SMI LoVo 24 V (parallel)
Manual operation		
Display output status	•	

= property applies

General parameterization options	JA/S 4.SMI.1M	SJR/S 4.24.2.1
Manual functions		
Enable/release manual operation		
Manual operating status		
Status auxiliary voltage / SMI supply voltage		
Operating modes		
Shutters		
Blinds		
Continued overleaf		·

General parameterization options	JA/S 4.SMI.1M	SJR/S 4.24.2.1
General device functions		
Parameter settings for outputs similar/individual	•	
Limit number of telegrams	•	
Time-delayed switching of drives	•	
Parameter changes via KNX		
Weather/safety		
Wind alarm	•	
Rain alarm	•	
Frost alarm	•	
Block	•	
Forced operation	•	
Automatic		
Automatic sun protection	•	
Heating / cooling automatic	•	
Status messages		
Status of positions/limit position		
Status byte	•	
Status of operation		
Status automatic control		
Status SMI		
SMI diagnostic byte	•	
Direct functions		
UP/DOWN/STOP	•	
Louvre adjustment	•	
Position height/louvre 0255	•	
Preset Move to position/Set position	•	
8 bit scene	•	

= property applies

Parameters

3.2

Programming of the device is implemented with the Engineering Tool Software ETS.

The application program is available in the product catalogue of the ETS under ABB/Shutter/Switch.

The following chapter describes the parameters of the device using the parameter window. The parameter window features a dynamic structure, so that further parameters may be enabled depending on the parameterization and the function.

The default values of the parameters are underlined,

e.g.:

Options: yes <u>no</u>

3.2.1 Parameter window General

In this parameter, the parameters are defined that determine the overall behaviour of the device.

General	a construction and the second	
Manual	Parameter settings	similar for all outputs
EIB/KNX		
Weather		
SMI drives	Time-delayed switching of drives	deactivated 🔹
Output A - D		
Safety	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Status	Maximum telegram rate	1 telegram per second 🔹
Position		
Position 1-4		
Auto 1	Allow parameter changes via EIB/KNX	no
Output A-D scene		

Parameter settings

Options: <u>similar for all outputs</u> individual for every output

This parameter defines whether the parameter settings for every output are individual or similar. If all outputs are programmed similarly, the programming work is reduced considerably with large systems.

- similar for all outputs: The parameter window Output A-D appears as well as the corresponding
 parameter windows once. All settings made there apply equally for all outputs.
- *individual for every output:* The parameter window *Output A-D* appears as well as the corresponding parameter windows four times. All settings are undertaken for each output individually.

Time-delayed switching of drives

Options: <u>deactivated</u>

activated

In larger systems, a high starting current peak is generated if all drives start simultaneously due to central telegrams. The starting current peak can be limited by a time delayed switching of the outputs. The central travel telegrams are executed with a delay. The time delay when implementing a travel movement applies for the following communication objects or states (even for activated automatic control):

- Move to pos. for sun 0..255, Adjust louvres for sun 0..255
- Block, Forced operation
- Wind alarm, Rain alarm, Frost alarm
- Move to position 0..255
- Move louvre 0..255
- Programming, ETS reset
- Bus voltage failure
- Bus voltage recovery
- Reaction on auxiliary voltage recovery, SMI reset
- SMI Recovery

The time delay when undertaking a movement is not considered for the following communication objects:

- Move blinds Up-Down, Blinds Up-Down limited
- Move shutter Up-Down, Shutter Up-Down limited
- Louvre adj./STOP, STOP
- Move to position 1/2, Move to position 3/4

It is thus ensured that the direct operation function – e.g. via a pushbutton – is not time delayed.

• *activated:* The following parameter appears:

 Time delay [s]

 1...15

 Options:
 1...15

This parameter determines the time delay used by the outputs when they switch successively. The set time delay applies for all outputs or connected drives of the actuator.

Caution

The parameterized time delay also applies for automatic control, weather alarms and forced operations. Therefore, the time delay should only be used in large systems if a mains voltage failure is to be expected when all the drives start-up simultaneously.

Maximum telegram rate

Options: <u>1/2/3/5/10/20 telegrams per second</u>

The telegram rate can be limited with this parameter in order to limit the number of status telegrams.

With central telegrams or after a bus voltage recovery, it is possible that the device sends several status telegrams via the KNX. If several SMI Actuators operate parallel in the system or it they are even operated on the same line, it is possible that a flood of telegrams will result. Therefore, the maximum telegram rate in large KNX installations should be kept as low as possible.

Allow parameter changes via EIB/KNX

Options: yes

no

This parameter defines whether certain parameter settings can be changed via an individual telegram with a central group address via KNX. In this way, various settings can be tested during commissioning without the necessity for making the changes for each individual parameter or each individual device in various parameter windows. Reprogramming of the individual devices also becomes unnecessary. Thus the setting of all SMI Actuators occurs quickly and simultaneously.

The following parameters that can be found in the parameter windows *Auto 1* and *Auto 2* can be modified with this function:

- Time to reactivate automatic control automatically [min.] 10...6,000
- Delay for sun = 1 (sun)
- Delay for sun = 0 (no sun)
- Delay for presence = "1" [s] 0...6,000
- Delay for presence = "0" [s] 0...6,000

Note

Changes via KNX apply for all 4 outputs and are bus voltage failure safe.

With this function, for example, various delay times can be tested for the reaction to Sun = 1 or the time for automatic reactivation of the automatic control can be centrally modified.

 yes: The parameter Overwrite parameter changing on download as well as the communication objects Time for automatic reactivation, Delay for sun = X and Delay for presence = X appear.

Note

If parameter changes have been made via the KNX during commissioning, the parameter settings in the device are different from the parameterized parameter settings in the ETS. The final parameter settings should be well documented or subsequently corrected in the parameter windows, to ensure that the function of the system can be restored at any time.

Overwrite parameter changing on download

Options: yes

no This parameter determines if the parameter changes via KNX during a download are overwritten by the parameterized settings in the ETS.

3.2.2 Parameter window *Manual*

In this parameter window, all the settings for manual operation are undertaken.

General		enabled 🔹
Manual	Manual operation	enabled 🔹
EIB/KNX		
Weather		
SMI drives	Reset manual operation to EIB/KNX	automatically and via push button 🔹
Output A - D	operation	
Safety	Time for automatic reset [s]	300
Status	106,000	
Position		
Position 1-4		
Auto 1	Send status of manual operation	no 🔻
Output A-D scene	Send status auxiliary voltage/	no
	SMI supply voltage	
	120	
	(The status is always sent after a change of value.)	
	change of value.)	

Manual operation

Options: <u>enabled</u> disabled via object enable/ disable

This parameter defines if the switch over between the operating states manual operation and KNX operation is enabled or disabled via the button (a) on the device.

- enabled: With its selection, the outputs can be directly controlled using the manual buttons.
- *disabled*: With its selection, manual operation is disabled. The outputs can no longer be operated via the manual buttons.
- *via object enable/disable:* The communication object *Enable/block manual operation* appears. Manual operation can be enabled or disabled via the bus with this communication object.

Telegram value: 0 = button O enabled1 = button \textcircled{O} disabled

For further information see: Manual operation, page 17

Reset manual operation to EIB/KNX operation

Options: via push button automatically and via push button

This parameter determines how long manual operation remains activated or after how long switch over to KNX operation occurs. It appears when the parameter option *via enable/disable* or *enable* are selected.

- via push button: Manual operation remains activated until it is deactivated again using the manual operation button
 or using the communication object.
- automatically and via push button: Manual operation remains activated after the last operation of the button until the parameterized time has timed out or it is deactivated again using the manual button .
 The following parameter appears:

Time for automatic reset [s] [10...6,000]

Options: 10...<u>300</u>...6,000

Manual operation remains activated, until the parameterized time has timed out or it is deactivated again using the manual button .

Send status of manual operation

Options: yes

no

The device can be switched over between manual operation and KNX operation via the *Man* button. The status of the current manual mode is sent via the KNX.

• yes: The communication object *Telegr. status of man. operation* is enabled.

Send status auxiliary voltage/ SMI supply voltage

Options: yes

<u>no</u>

• yes: The communication object *Telegr. status of auxiliary voltage* is enabled.

Note

If the auxiliary voltage (230 V) fails, the SMI supply is also interrupted. The reaction of the auxiliary voltage supply depends on the SMI drive and should be read in the technical documentation of the respective manufacturer.

With the return of the auxiliary voltage, the device reads the value of the communication objects and positions the shutter/blind accordingly, e.g. activation of the function *Automatic* or travel to the position *Wind alarm.* Telegrams are carried out in accordance with the parameterized time delay.

(The status is always sent after a change of value.)

3.2.3 Parameter window *EIB/KNX*

In this parameter window, all settings for the reaction after bus voltage failure/recovery, auxiliary voltage recovery, programming and ETS reset are undertaken.

General	Reaction on programming/ reset	
Manual		
EIB/KNX	Position after programming/ reset	STOP •
Weather		
SMI drives	Read automatic objects	no
Output A - D	Reaction on bus voltage failure	
Safety	(Auxiliary voltage must be applied!)	
Status	Position on bus voltage failure	STOP
Position	Position on bus voltage landre	
Position 1-4	Reaction on bus voltage recovery	
Auto 1	(Auxiliary voltage must be applied!)	
Output A-D scene	Position after bus voltage recovery	STOP •
	Read automatic- and safety objects	no
	Reaction on auxiliary voltage recovery	
	Position after aux. voltage recovery	STOP •

Reaction on programming/reset

No movement actions are undertaken during programming or during an ETS reset. Manual operation is automatically deactivated and cannot be reactivated until the completion of programming or an ETS reset. If the shutter/blind is undertaking a movement function at the start of programming or during the ETS reset, the movement continues to the target position.

Position after programming/reset

Options:	no reaction
	UP
	DOWN
	STOP
	Position 14

With this parameter, the shutter/blind position is set after programming or a reset.

After completion of the programming or the ETS reset, the shutter/blind is moved to the parameterized position. The current position of the shutter/blind as well as the status of the drive is queried via SMI, and the feedback communication objects are updated. The device is operating in KNX mode, and the LED $\stackrel{\textbf{R}}{\underset{\text{s}}{=}}$ is off.

- *no reaction:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement action to the target position is carried out. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- *STOP:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement stops immediately. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- *Position 1...4*: If this position is selected, the shutter/blind moves to a preset position after programming/reset. The shutter/blind height and louvre setting of the corresponding position can be set in the parameter windows *Position 1-4*.

Read automatic objects

Options: yes no

This parameter defines if the communication objects *Automatic* (No. 10...17) read their value via KNX.

The communication objects *Automatic* assume the value 0 after programming and ETS reset. The current values of the communication objects *Automatic* can be requested via KNX. If this has occurred, the status of the actuator is updated to correspond to the read values, e.g. automatic control is activated.

Reaction on bus voltage failure (Auxiliary voltage must be applied!)

Position on bus voltage failure

Options: no reaction UP DOWN <u>STOP</u> Position 1...4

With a bus voltage failure, the shutter/blind is moved to the parameterized position (only with existing 230 V auxiliary voltage).

- *no reaction:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement action to the target position is carried out. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- *STOP:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement stops immediately. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- *Position 1...4:* If this position is selected, the shutter/blind moves to a preset position after bus voltage failure. The shutter/blind height and louvre setting of the corresponding position can be set in the parameter windows *Position 1-4*.

Reaction on bus voltage recovery (Auxiliary voltage must be applied!)

Position after bus voltage recovery

Options: no reaction UP DOWN <u>STOP</u> Position 1...4

At bus voltage recovery, the shutter/blind is moved to the parameterized position (only with existing 230 V auxiliary voltage). The current position of the shutter/blind as well as the status of the drive is queried via SMI, and the feedback communication objects are updated. The actuator remains in KNX operation or Manual operation.

- *no reaction:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement action to the target position is carried out. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- *STOP:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement stops immediately. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.

• *Position 1...4:* If this position is selected, the shutter/blind moves to a preset position after bus voltage recovery. The shutter/blind height and louvre setting of the corresponding position can be set in the parameter windows *Position 1-4*.

Read automatic- and safety objects

Options: yes - safety, automatic

yes – safety yes – automatic

With this parameter, you set if the automatic communication objects *Automatic* (No. 10...17) and communication objects *Safety* (No. 19...20 and No. 124...128) read their value via KNX.

The communication objects *Automatic* and *Safety* assume the value 0 after programming and ETS reset. The current value of the communication objects *Automatic* and *Safety* can be requested via the KNX. If this has occurred, the status of the actuator is updated to correspond to the read values, e.g. automatic control is activated.

Reaction on auxiliary voltage recovery

Position after auxiliary voltage recovery

After auxiliary voltage recovery, the shutter/blind moves to the parameterized position. The current position of the shutter/blind as well as the status of the drive are queried via the SMI and the feedback communication objects are updated (only if bus voltage available). The actuator remains in KNX operation or Manual operation.

Options: no reaction UP DOWN <u>STOP</u> Position 1...4 according to object value

- no reaction: The shutter/blind remains unchanged in its current position.
- *STOP:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement stops immediately. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- Position1...4: If this position is selected, the shutter/blind moves to a preset position after auxiliary voltage recovery. The shutter/blind height and louvre setting of the corresponding position can be set in the parameter windows Position 1...4.
- according to object value: Incoming KNX telegrams during a failure of the auxiliary voltage are saved (only if bus voltage available). After auxiliary voltage recovery, the shutter/blind is moved to the position which was last received on the following communication objects:
 - Move to position 1/2/3/4
 - Move to position 0..255
 - Move louvre 0..255

The position after auxiliary voltage recovery is only moved to if

- no weather or safety alarm is active,
- manual operation is inactive and
- automatic control is inactive.

The positions are traveled to only after a parameterized delay.

3.2.4 Parameter window Weather

In this parameter window, all higher level settings affecting the weather alarms are undertaken.

General Manual EIB/KNX	Order of priority for weather alarm functions	1.Wind alarm - 2.Rain alarm - 3.Frost alarm
Weather	Communication object no. 1 for wind	deactivated 🔹
SMI drives	alarm	
Output A - D	Communication object no. 2 for wind	deactivated 🔹
Safety	alarm	
Status	Communication object no. 3 for wind	deactivated 🗸
Position	alarm	
Position 1-4		
Auto 1	Monitoring period for wind alarm [s]	0
Output A-D scene	01,000 (0 = monitoring deact.)	
	Communication object for rain alarm	deactivated 🔹
	Communication object for frost alarm	deactivated 🗸

Order of priority for weather alarm functions

Options:

ns: <u>1.Wind alarm - 2.Rain alarm - 3.Frost alarm</u> 1.Wind alarm - 2.Frost alarm - 3.Rain alarm 1.Rain alarm - 2.Wind alarm - 3.Frost alarm 1.Rain alarm - 2.Frost alarm - 3.Wind alarm 1.Frost alarm - 2.Rain alarm - 3.Wind alarm 1.Frost alarm - 2.Wind alarm - 3.Rain alarm

This parameter defines the priority between the weather alarm functions. If more than one weather alarm occurs simultaneously, then only one weather alarm with the highest priority is carried out.

Communication object no. 1 for wind alarm

Communication object no. 2 for wind alarm

Communication object no. 3 for wind alarm

Communication object for rain alarm

Communication object for frost alarm

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

This parameter activates the weather alarm functions and the corresponding communication objects.

• activated: The parameters for the monitoring times of the weather alarms appear.

Note

Wind, rain and frost alarms are only activated when in parameter window A: Safety/Weather a position has been activated with the weather alarm:

Example:

Position on wind alarm

Option: activated - up



Monitoring period for wind alarm [s] Monitoring period for rain alarm [s] Monitoring period for frost alarm [s]

[0...1,000] (0 = monitoring deact.)

Options: <u>0</u>...1,000

These parameters determine the cyclical monitoring time for wind, rain and frost alarms in seconds.

The weather alarms of the weather sensors are cyclically monitored.

If the weather sensor sends the telegram value 0, there is no weather alarm. The SMI Actuator expects this signal. If the signal is not received within the parameterized monitoring period, it can be assumed that the sensor is defective or the bus line has been interrupted. The shutter/blinds are moved to the parameterized alarm position. The operation is inhibited.

If the weather sensor sends the telegram value 1 (weather alarm), the shutters/blinds immediately move to the parameterized alarm position. The parameter *Monitoring period for rain alarm in s* or *Monitoring period for frost alarm in s* is displayed, as soon as the parameters *Communication object for rain alarm* or *Communication object for frost alarm* have been set with the option *activated*.

• 0: The cyclical monitoring is deactivated.

Note

The monitoring period should be selected to be at least three to four times as large as the cyclical transmission time of the sensor. In this way, the immediate absence of a signal, e.g. due to a high bus load, does not immediately result in the shutter/blinds being moved to the alarm position

3.2.5 Parameter window SMI drives

In this parameter window, all higher-level settings for the SMI drives are undertaken.

General Manual	Number of SMI drives Output A	1
EIB/KNX Weather	Number of SMI drives Output B	1
SMI drives	Number of SMI drives Output C	1
Output A - D	Number of SML drives Output C	- -
Safety	Number of SMI drives Output D	1
Status		1
Position		
Position 1-4		
Auto 1		
Output A-D scene		

Number of SMI drives Output A

Number of SMI drives Output B

Number of SMI drives Output C

Number of SMI drives Output D

Options: 0, <u>1</u>...4

This parameter defines the number of drives that can be connected to each SMI output.

Regular scanning of all drives connected to an SMI output can detect a missing or additional drive, and a telegram is sent to communications object *Telegr. status number of drives* (No. 29).

A maximum of four SMI drives can be connected to an output.

0: The output is inactive

Note

If more than four drives per SMI output are detected, the actuator will initiate the functions *Safety* and *Alarm*. No telegrams via the KNX are carried out. Manual operation via the manual buttons on the front of the device remains possible.

3.2.6 Parameter window *Output A - D*

In this parameter window, the general settings for outputs A – D are undertaken.

General Manual	Operating mode	Blinds
EIB/KNX		
Weather		200
SMI drives	Rotation angle of motor shaft for a	300
Output A - D	complete louvre adjustment 10500	
Safety	Number of louvre adjustments 1250	7
Status		
Position	Position of louvre after move-down [%]	100
Position 1-4	0100	
Auto 1		
Output A-D scene	Limit travelling range	no

Operating mode

Options:

<u>Blinds</u> Shutter

This parameter defines the operating mode of the output. The communication objects and the parameters for the respective outputs differ slightly, depending on the operation mode.

 Blinds: Particularly suitable for the control of blinds with the functions Move UP/DOWN and STOP/Louvre adjustment.

Note

The parameters as well as the communication objects for louvre adjustment are available exclusively in the operating mode *Blinds*.

• *Shutter:* Particularly suitable for control of shutters, awnings, roller blinds and other shutters/blinds with the functions *Move UP/DOWN* and *STOP* as well as the control of doors and windows.

Rotation angle of motor shaft for a complete louvre adjustment 10..500

Options: 10...<u>300</u>...500

This parameter defines the angle of rotation of the motor shaft (shutter/blind shaft) for a complete adjustment of the louvre. This angle is the basis for the calculation of the number of louvre adjustments (steps), which are necessary to move the shutter/blind from fully open to fully closed in steps.



The angle of rotation of the motor shaft for a complete adjustment of the louvre is dependent on the corresponding shutter/blind type and can be queried by the manufacturer or the blind fabricator.

Alternatively, the angle of rotation can also be determined during commissioning. Proceed as follows:

- 1. For the maximum angle of rotation, a value of 360° is initially assumed in the parameter *Rotation* angle of motor shaft for a complete louvre adjustment.
- 2. The number of louvre settings in the parameter of the same name is set to 36. Thus a resolution of 10° per louvre stop results.
- 3. The value of the parameter *Position of louvre after move-down* [%] 0..100 must be set to be completed at 100% (default factory setting). The actuator must now be programmed or loaded with these settings.
- 4. After this process, the shutter/blinds must be moved manually to the DOWN end position via manual control on the actuator.
- 5. Now the shutter/blind is fully opened manually with individual step telegrams using manual control. The number of step telegrams necessary must be counted.

6. The maximum angle of rotation of the motor shaft can now be calculated:

Angle of rotation = counted step telegrams x 10°

Example

28 step telegrams x 10° = 280°

- 7. This value must now be entered in the parameter *Rotation angle of motor shaft for a complete louvre adjustment.*
- 8. Now the value of the parameter Number of louvre adjustments can be selected between 1 and 250.

Note

SMI enables the smallest possible angle of rotation per step telegram of 2° on the motor shaft.

Number of louvre adjustments 1..250

Options: 1...<u>7</u>...250

This parameter defines the number of steps to be completed (short button push), in order to tilt the louvres from fully open to fully closed. First of all the angle of rotation of the motor shaft for a complete louvre adjustment must be determined (see parameter *Rotation angle of motor shaft for a complete louvre adjustment* 10..500).

Position of louvre after move-down [%] 0..100

Options: 0...<u>100</u>

The louvres are initially closed after a DOWN movement to the lower end position. Thereafter, travel to the parameterized louvre position is undertaken.

The same louvre position is also set if the lower limit is reached after a limited DOWN travel movement.

- 0: Louvre open
- ...: Intermediate position
- 100: Louvre closed

Note

This position is only moved to in conjunction with a movement telegram in the communication objects *Move blinds Up-Down* and *Blinds Up-Down limited* as well as in conjunction with a manual down movement. It is not moved, for example, due to a travel action based on forced operation!
Limit travelling range

Options: yes <u>no</u>

For certain applications, the travelling range of the shutter/blind can be limited for the user. Opening and closing of the skylights can, for example, be limited to a certain group of users to a range of 0...20% opening, whereas the caretaker may operate the complete range of movement.

 yes: The communication object Blinds Up-Down limited as well as the parameters Upper limit and Lower limit appear.

Note

The movement range limitation only functions via the *Blinds Up-Down limited* object. The limits of the parameters *Upper limit* and *Lower limit* do not apply to all other communication objects.

Upper limit [%] 0..100

Lower limit [%] 0..100

Options: <u>0</u>...100

This parameter defines the upper and lower limit of the travel range.

- 0: Upper limit
- ...: Intermediate position
- 100: Lower limit

3.2.7 Parameter window Safety

In this parameter window, the settings for the function Safety are undertaken.

General Manual EIB/KNX	Output reacts on communication object for wind alarm no.	Output does not react to wind alarm
Weather	Position on wind alarm	deactivated 🔹
SMI drives Output A - D	Position on rain alarm	deactivated 🔹
Safety	Position on frost alarm	deactivated 🔹
Status		
Position	Disable via communication object	deactivated 🔹
Position 1-4 Auto 1	Forced operation	deactivated 🔹
Output A-D scene	Position on reset of weather alarm, blocking and forced operation	no reaction 🔹
	Order of priority for safety alarm functions	1.Weather alarm - 2.Block - 3.Forced Operation

Output reacts on communication object for wind alarm no.

Options: <u>Output does not react to wind alarm</u> 1/2/3/1+2/1+3/2+3/1+2+3

This parameter determines the wind alarm communication objects to which the output reacts. The values of the assigned communication objects are linked by a logic OR.

Position on wind alarm

Position on rain alarm

Position on frost alarm

Options: activated - no reaction activated - up activated - down activated - stop <u>deactivated</u>

This parameter defines the position of the shutter/blind when a weather alarm (wind, rain, frost) is received. The shutter/blind can no longer be operated via other communication objects or even by manual operation, until the weather alarm has been rescinded.

- *activated no reaction:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this travel action to the target position is carried out. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- activated up: The shutter/blind moves UP, after a weather alarm is received.
- activated down: The shutter/blind moves DOWN, after a weather alarm is received.
- activated stop: If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement stops immediately. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.

Disable via communication object

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

This parameter enables the function *Block*. The shutter/blind moves, e.g. to a parameterized position, or the operation is blocked. Example: The operation of an internal shutter/blind (internal blind or roller blind) is inhibited if the window is open.

• activated: The communication object *Block* is enabled. The following parameter appears.

Position during blocking

Options:	no reaction
	UP
	DOWN
	STOP
	Position 14

This parameter determines the position to be travelled to for function *Block*.

- no reaction: If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this travel action to the target
 position is carried out. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- Up or down: The shutter/blind moves UP or DOWN.
- STOP: If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement stops immediately. The outputs are disconnected from the voltage supply. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.

Forced operation

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

With the function *Forced operation*, the shutter/blind can be moved up or down via a 2 bit telegram, and the operation can be blocked. For example, the function *Forced operation* can be used to move blinds upwards if the windows are being cleaned or moved downwards if the louvres are being cleaned. At the same time, the operation of the shutter/blind is blocked to ensure that the cleaning personnel are not endangered by an unexpected movement.

• activated: The communication object Forced operation is enabled.

Position on reset of weather alarm, blocking and forced operation

Options: no reaction

UP DOWN STOP Position 1...4 according to object value

This parameter determines the shutter/blind position when rescinding a weather alarm, blocking or a forced operation.

- *no reaction:* If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement action to the target position is carried out. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- *UP*: The shutter/blind moves UP after a safety function is rescinded.

- *DOWN*: The shutter/blind moves DOWN after a safety function is rescinded.
- *STOP*: If the shutter/blind is performing a movement, this movement stops immediately. If the shutter/blind is at rest, it will remain in its position unchanged.
- *Position 1...4*: If one of these positions are selected, the shutter/blind moves to a preset position. The shutter/blind height and louvre setting of the respective position are set in <u>Parameter window Position</u> *1-4*, page 43.
- According to object value: During a safety alarm, the incoming KNX telegrams are saved on direct
 communication objects. The status of the actuator is updated to correspond to the current values of
 the communication objects, e.g. automatic control is activated. If no new telegrams have been
 received in the meantime, the shutter/blind is moved to the position in which it was when the safety
 alarm occurred. With this parameter setting, incoming telegrams are saved on the following
 communication objects:
 - Move blinds Up-Down
 - Blinds Up-Down limited
 - Move to position 0..255
 - Move louvre 0..255
 - Move to position 1/2
 - Move to position 3/4

Order of priority for safety alarm functions

Options:

- 1. Weather alarm 2. Block 3. Forced operation
- Weather alarm 2. Forced operation 3. Block
 Block 2. Weather alarm 3. Forced operation
- 1. Block 2. Forced operation 3. Weather alarm
- 1. Forced operation 2. Block 3. Weather alarm
- 1. Forced operation 2. Weather alarm 3. Block

This parameter determines the sequence of priorities for the safety functions *Weather alarms* (wind, rain, frost), *Block* and *Forced operation*. These functions have a higher priority than all other functions. If one of these functions is activated, the operation of the shutter/blind is inhibited. This also applies during manual operation.

A priority must also be defined for safety priorities among one another. In this way, the shutter/blind is correctly controlled if more than one security function is activated simultaneously. Forced operation, for example, has priority over a wind alarm when cleaning the windows, so that the cleaning personnel are not hindered by an UP telegram resulting from a wind alarm.

Note

Wind, rain and frost alarm are only activated if in parameter window *Weather*, the communication objects are enabled and linked to the group addresses!

3.2.8 Parameter window Status

In this parameter window, the status messages are defined.

General Manual	Send position: 0255	no
EIB/KNX Weather	Send position: limit position reached	no 🔹
SMI drives	Send status of operation	no
Output A - D Safety	Send status of automatic control	no
Status Position	Send status byte	no
Position 1-4 Auto 1	Send status SMI failure	no
Output A-D scene	Send status number of SMI drives	no
	Send SMI diagnostic byte	no
	(The status is always sent after a change of value.)	

Send position: 0...255

Options: yes no

The actuator sends the relative position of the shutter/blinds and the position of the louvres to two separate communication objects each as a 1 byte value (0...255).

The following applies for the position of the shutter/blinds: The value 0 corresponds to the position top/upper (0 %). The value 255 corresponds to the position bottom/lower (100 %).

The following applies for the position of the louvres: The value 0 corresponds to the louvre position opened (0 %). The value 255 corresponds to the louvre position closed (100 %).

Note

The parameters as well as the communication objects for louvre adjustment are available exclusively in the operating mode *Blinds*.

 yes: The communication objects Telegr. status of position 0..255 and Telegr. status louvre 0..255 (only in Blinds mode) are enabled.

Send position: limit position reached

Options: yes no

The actuator sends the information if the shutter/blinds are in the upper or lower end limit to two separate communication objects (each 1 bit). If the information is sent to both communication objects stating that the respective end position is not reached, the shutter/blinds are in an intermediate position.

This function is particularly suitable for further logic in order to mutually interlock the outputs to one another. For example, the awnings may not move if the window is opened and the window may also not be opened by a drive if the awning is extended.

• yes: The communication objects *Telegr. status of upper pos.* and *Telegr. status of lower pos.* are enabled

Send status of operation

Options: yes no

During a weather alarm, a block telegram or a forced operation, the operation of the shutter/blind is disabled. Even when manual operation is activated via the *Man.* button, the shutter/blind cannot be operated via KNX.

This function is particularly suitable to indicate to the user via an LED that the shutter/blinds cannot be moved to the upper or lower end position and that automatic control cannot be activated.

• yes: The communication object Telegr. status of operation is enabled.

Send status of automatic control

Options: yes no

The actuator sends information on whether the automatic control is activated or deactivated (1 bit).

This function is particularly suitable to indicate to the user via an LED if the automatic control is activated.

yes: The communication object *Telegr. status of aut. control* is enabled.

Send status byte

Options: yes no

The drives connected to the actuator can be operated via several special functions. A wind alarm can inhibit operation or the automatic control is activated or manual operation is switched on. The status byte provides exact information, in which the following function types indicate how an output of the actuator, is controlled:

- Automatic sun protection
- Heating / cooling automatic
- Wind alarm
- Rain alarm
- Frost alarm
- Forced operation
- Block
- Manual operation

This function is particularly suitable to analyse the reaction of the actuator to an incoming telegram during commissioning or trouble shooting.

• yes: The communication object *Telegr. status byte* is enabled.

Send status SMI failure

Options: yes <u>no</u>

If a drive is defective, no longer connected or is currently being programmed, the actuator will not receive an acknowledgement via the SMI when undertaking a travel motion. In this case, it will send an error message via the communication object *Telegr. status SMI failure*.

yes: The communication object *Telegr. status SMI failure* is enabled.

Note

If multiple drives are wired in parallel with one output, only the failure of all drives will be detected and indicated as an SMI failure. A message will not be issued, as long as at least one drive continues to acknowledge its travel actions.

The communication object Telegr. status SMI failure is also sent if the 230 V auxiliary voltage fails.

Send status number of SMI drives

Options: yes <u>no</u>

If the number of parameterized drives differs from the number of connected drives per channel, the actuator sends an error message via the communication object *Telegr. status number of drives*.

yes: The communication object Telegr. status number of drives is displayed.

Note

If more than four drives are connected to a channel, the actuator will only carry out alarm and safety functions. No telegrams via the KNX are carried out. Operation of the manual buttons on the front of the device is still possible.

Send SMI diagnostic byte

Options: yes

<u>no</u>

Using this communication object, the actuator sends current information concerning the connected SMI drives to the KNX.

- More than 4 drives detected on SMI
- Less drives detected than configured
- At least one drive cannot be identified via its ID
- Short-circuit on SMI (hardware fault)
- Motor fault
- Motor moves DOWN
- Motor moves UP
- No communication

This function is particularly suitable to analyse the reaction of the drive to an incoming telegram during commissioning or trouble shooting.

• yes: The communication object *Telegr. diagnostic byte* is enabled.

3.2.9 Parameter window *Position*

In this parameter window, the communication objects for the function *Preset* are enabled.

General Manual EIB/KNX	Move to position 0255	deactivated 🔹
Weather		
SMI drives	Move to position: 1 bit preset	deactivated 🗸
Output A - D		
Safety		
Status		
Position		
Position 1-4		
Auto 1		
Output A-D scene		

Move to position 0...255

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

The shutter/blind can be moved to any desired position, and the louvres can be positioned at any desired angle via two separate communications objects.

This is suitable particularly for central telegrams, if all shutters/blinds on a facade have to be moved to the same position.

• activated: The 1 byte communication objects Move to position 0..255 and Move louvre 0..255 are enabled.

Move to position 1 bit preset

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

Up to 4 preset positions can be set for each output. Each of these 4 preset positions can be recalled via a 1 bit telegram. The shutter/blind is moved to the saved position and assumes the saved louvre setting.

This function is suitable particularly for repeated movement to preferred shutter/blind positions, e.g. by pressing a button or for integration in a scene, which is accessed via a 1 bit telegram.

The saved preset positions can be very easily changed without programming the actuator via the KNX. The shutter/blinds must simply be brought to the new required target position. The new position is adopted via a 1 bit telegram as a new preset position into the memory of the device.

Recalling and saving a preset position can be undertaken with a single button if, for example, a position is accessed with a short button push and the current position is saved as the new preset position with a long button push.

• activated: The communication objects Move to position 1/2, Move to position 2/4, Set position 1/2 and Set position 3/4 are enabled.

3.2.10 Parameter window Position 1-4

In this parameter window, the four preset positions are defined.

General Manual EIB/KNX	Overwrite preset values during download	yes •
Weather SMI drives Output A - D	Position 1 [%] 0100 (0% = top; 100% = bottom)	20
Safety Status	Louvre 1 [%] 0100 (0% = opened; 100% = closed)	20
Position Position 1-4	Position 2 [%] 0100 (0% = top; 100% = bottom)	40
Auto 1 Output A-D scene	Louvre 2 [%] 0100 (0% = opened; 100% = closed)	40
	Position 3 [%] 0100 (0% = top; 100% = bottom)	60
	Louvre 3 [%] 0100 (0% = opened; 100% = closed)	60
	Position 4 [%] 0100 (0% = top; 100% = bottom)	80
	Louvre 4 [%] 0100 (0% = opened; 100% = closed)	80

Overwrite preset values during download

Options: <u>yes</u> no

The saved preset positions can be reset via a telegram without the need to program them. The users can thus set the preset positions to suit their specific requirements.

These individual preset positions should also generally remain saved, if the programming of the actuator is changed by a download. With this parameter, you can set if the saved preset values are overwritten during a download by the parameterised preset values.

yes: The parameters Position X and Louvre X are displayed.

Note

If individual preset values have been set during ongoing operation by a user, the parameter should then be set to *no* to ensure that the individual positions are retained.

Position X [%] 0...100 (0 % = top; 100 % = bottom)

Louvre X [%] 0...100 (0 % = opened; 100 % = closed) X = 1...4 Options: 0...<u>20</u>...40...60...80...100

With this parameter, the preset position (position and louvre setting) is set.

- 0: Position UP, louvre opened
- 1...99: Intermediate positions.
- 100: Position DOWN, louvre closed

Note

The parameters for louvre adjustment are available exclusively in the operating mode Blinds.

3.2.11 Parameter window Auto 1

In this parameter window, all settings for the sun automatic control are undertaken.

General Manual	Use sun automatic control	yes 🔻
EIB/KNX Weather	Deactivation of automatic control	via object "activation" and move command 🔹
SMI drives Output A - D	Automatic reactivation of automatic control	deactivated 🔹
Safety Status	Toggling to automatic control	enabled 🔹
Position Position 1-4	Toggling to direct control	enabled 🔹
Auto 1	Position for sun = "1" (sun)	DOWN
Auto 2 Output A-D scene	Position for sun = "0" (no sun)	UP •
	Delay for presence = "1" [s] 06,000	0
	Delay for presence = "0" [s] 06,000	0

Use sun automatic control

Options: <u>no</u> yes

This parameter enables the Use sun automatic control feature.

Together with other KNX components, a very comfortable sun automatic control can be established. This automatic control is activated individually for every output and controls the shutter/blind according to the intensity of the sun's rays. The shutter/blind is moved automatically to the ideal position providing shade in accordance with the intensity and direction from which the sun is shining.

For example, the blinds can be moved upwards if the sunshine is very weak or if the window concerned is in the shadows. Accordingly, the room receives as much light as possible without needing to be subject to direct sunshine.

• yes: The communication objects Activation of aut. Control and Sun as well as the parameters of the parameter window Auto 1 and the parameter window Auto 2 appear.

Note

There are **direct** communication objects:

- Move shutter UP/DOWN
- Louvre adj./ Stop Up-Down
- Shutter UP/DOWN limited
- Move to position 0..255
- Move louvre 0..255
- Move to position 1/2
- Move to position 3/4
- Scene

If travel detection or a reference movement is triggered during active automatic control, it will be undertaken.



Deactivation of automatic control

Options: via object "activation" via object "activation" and move command

The actuator only observes incoming telegrams for the sun automatic control communication objects if automatic control has been activated. The automatic control is activated by a telegram with the value 1 on the communication object *Activation of aut. Control.*

The automatic control is deactivated by a telegram with the value 0 on the same communication object. With this parameter, you set if the automatic control is also deactivated via a travel telegram, e.g. by an UP or DOWN telegram.

- via object "activation": The automatic control is activated and deactivated exclusively by a telegram to the communication object Activation of aut. Control. If automatic control is activated, the incoming telegrams to the direct communication objects are not carried out. After deactivation of automatic control, the shutter/blind remains in its current position and can be controlled again via direct communication objects.
- via object "Activation" and move command: Incoming telegrams to direct communication objects lead to deactivation of automatic control and are carried out immediately. This option is particularly suitable for the case when automatic is activated via a central telegram and is to be deactivated again without additional button operations. The following parameter appears:

Automatic reactivation of automatic control

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

If the automatic control is deactivated via one of the direct communication objects, it is possible to reactivate automatic control automatically after a parameterized time.

• activated: The following parameter appears.

```
Time to reactivate automatic control
automatically [min.] 10...6.000
Options: 10...300...6,000
```

Note

A change of the parameter value will only become active after the next deactivation of automatic control by a direct communication object.

Toggling to automatic control Toggling to direct control

Options: <u>enabled:</u> via object enable/ disable

This parameter determines how the toggling to automatic control and/or enabling of direct control or whether enable/disable via an additional communication object is undertaken.

• via object enable/ disable: The communication objects Enable/disable automatic and Enable/ /block direct control are enabled.

Position for sun = "1" (sun)'

Options: no reaction UP <u>DOWN</u> STOP Position 1...4 Receive position and louvre via object¹ Receive only louvre via object¹ Receive position via object²

¹ only in operation mode Blinds

² only in operation mode Shutter

This parameter is used to set the response with communication object Sun = 1 (sun) in automatic operation.

- no reaction: Any movement currently being undertaken is completed.
- UP or DOWN: The shutter/blind moves up or down when the sun shines.
- *STOP*: Any movement currently being undertaken by the shutter/blind is stopped immediately. The outputs are disconnected from the voltage supply.
- *Position 1...4*: If one of these positions are selected, the shutter/blind moves to a preset position. The shutter/blind height and louvre setting of the respective position are set in <u>Parameter window Position</u> *1-4*, page 43.
- *Receive position and louvre via object*. This option is suitable particularly in conjunction with the Shutter Control Unit JSB/S.

Note

This option is available exclusively in the Blinds operation mode.

• Receive only louvre via object. With activated automatic function and sun = 1, only the value on the communication object Sun: Adjust louvre for sun 0..255 is evaluated.

Note

This option is available exclusively in the Blinds operation mode.

Note

A louvre adjustment is not carried out if the shutter/blind is in its upper end position.

• receive position via object. The position of the shutter/blind is received via the communication object Sun: Adjust louvres for sun 0..255 is received.

Note

This option is available exclusively in the Shutter operation mode.

Position for sun = "0" (no sun)

Options:

no reaction <u>UP</u> DOWN STOP Position 1...4 same as sun = '1'

This parameter is used to set the response with communication object Sun = 0 (no sun) in automatic operation.

- no reaction: Any movement currently being undertaken is completed.
- UP or DOWN: The shutter/blind moves up or down when the sun shines.
- *STOP*: Any movement currently being undertaken by the shutter/blind is stopped immediately. The outputs are disconnected from the voltage supply.
- *Position 1...4*: If one of these positions are selected, the shutter/blind moves to a preset position. The shutter/blind height and louvre setting of the respective position are set in <u>Parameter window Position</u> *1-4*, page 43.
- same as sun = '1': The shutter/blind moves in accordance with the setting of the parameter Position for sun = '1'.

Delay for sun = "1" [s] 0...6,000

Delay for sun = "0" [s] 0...6,000

Options: <u>0</u>...6,000

This parameter defines the reaction to the communication object Sun.

Note

If in parameter window *General*, a time has been entered in the parameter *Time-delayed switching of drives*, this time must be added to the delay times at sun = 1 or 0.

The delay times can also be set in the brightness sensor and in the shutter module. It must be noted that the delay times can add up in this way.

3.2.12 Parameter window Auto 2

In this parameter window, all settings for the heating/cooling automatic control are undertaken.

General Manual EIB/KNX	Heating/Cooling automatic control	activated 🗸
Weather SMI drives	Delay for presence = "1" [s] 06,000	0
Output A - D Safety	Delay for presence = "0" [s] 06,000	600
Status Position	Position for heating = "1" and sun = "1"	UP V
Position 1-4 Auto 1	Position for heating = "1" and sun = "0"	no reaction •
Auto 2 Output A-D scene	Position for cooling= "1" and sun = "1"	DOWN
	Position for cooling= "1" and sun = "0" On heating="1" and cooling="1" or	no reaction 🔹
	on heating="0" and cooling="0"	
	the output is controlled only by- sun automatic control	

Heating/Cooling automatic control

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

This parameter enables heating/cooling automatic control.

The Heating/Cooling automatic control controls the shutter/blinds according to the sun's rays and the required energy input requirement into the room. The shutter/blind is moved to the ideal shadowing position to ensure optimum heatin/cooling.

Thus, for example, the blind can be opened during the heating phase of the sun to provide additional warmth to the room, and at night the textile inner blind can be lowered to reduce cooling of the room. On the other hand, the shutters/blinds can be moved down during the cooling phase to avoid additional heating of the room.

• *activated:* The communication objects *Heating*, *Cooling* and *Presence* are enabled. The following parameters appear:

Delay for presence = "1" [s] 0...6,000

Delay for presence = "0" [s] 0...6,000 Options: 0...6,000 <u>0</u> (Delay for presence = "1") <u>600</u> (Delay for presence = "0")

Position for heating = "1" and sun = "1"

Position for heating = "1" and sun = "0"

Position for cooling = "1" and sun = "1"

Position for cooling = "1" and sun = "0"

Options:

no reaction (with Sun = "0" <u>UP</u> (with heating = "1" and sun = "1") DOWN (with cooling = "1" and sun = "1") STOP Position 1...4

This parameter sets the response with sun = 1 (sun) or with sun = 0 (no sun) during the heating/cooling phase.

The phases HEATING = 1 or COOLING = 1 can, for example, be triggered by an external temperature sensor, room thermostat or by a yearly clock timer.

If both the HEATING and COOLING operations are activated simultaneously or none of both operation modes are activated, this is an undefined state. The shutter/blinds are automatically controlled until then using sun automatic control.

Example external temperature sensor:

Heating phase: under 10 °C

Cooling phase: above 20 °C

Example yearly clock timer:

Heating phase: November - March

Cooling phase: June - August

If both heating operation and cooling operation are simultaneously activated or none of the operating modes are activated, then the heating/cooling automatic control is deactivated, until one defined state (heating or cooling operation) is in operation. The shutters/blinds are automatically controlled until then using sun automatic control.

Note

If the system should only use heating/cooling automatic, the communication object Presence may not be linked with a group address. Accordingly, the communication object automatically has the default value 0. Thus heating/cooling automatic is immediately activated via the communication object Activation of aut. Control, which is automatically activated.

3.2.13 Parameter window Output A-D Scene

In this parameter window, the function Scene is enabled.

General		
Manual	1 byte scene	dea
EIB/KNX		
Weather		
SMI drives		
Output A - D		
Safety		
Status		
Position		
Position 1-4		
Auto 1		
Auto 2		
Output A-D scene		

1 byte scene

Options: <u>deactivated</u> activated

- activated: The parameter windows A: Scene, B: Scene, C: Scene, D: Scene appear.
- In this parameter window, all settings for the 8 bit scene are undertaken. Each output can be allocated to up to 10 different scenes.

3.2.14 Parameter window *A-D Scene*

In this parameter window, all settings for the 8 bit scene are undertaken. Each output can be allocated to up to 10 different scenes.

General Manual	Scene assignment (1)	no assignment 🔹
EIB/KNX	Scene assignment (2)	no assignment 🔹
Weather SMI drives	Scene assignment (3)	no assignment 🔹
Output A - D Safety	Scene assignment (4)	no assignment 🔹
Status Position	Scene assignment (5)	no assignment 🔹
Position 1-4 Auto 1	Scene assignment (6	no assignment 🔹
Auto 2	Scene assignment (7)	no assignment 🔹
Output A-D scene A: Scene	Scene assignment (8)	no assignment 🔹
B: Scene C: Scene	Scene assignment (9)	no assignment 🔹
D: Scene	Scene assignment (10)	no assignment 🔹

Scene assignment (1)

•••

Scene assignment (10)

Options: <u>no assignment</u> Scene 1 ... Scene 64:

With the scene function, up to 64 different scenes are managed via a single group address. With this group address, all slaves, who are integrated into a scene, are linked via a 1 byte communication object. The following information is contained in a telegram:

- Number of the scene (1...64) as well as
- Telegram: Call scene or Save scene.

Each shutter/blind can be integrated in up to 10 scenes. In total, up to 40 scene assignments are possible for the entire device. Thus, for example, all roller blinds can be opened in the morning via a scene and closed in the evenings or shutters/blinds can be integrated into light scenes.

If a telegram is received on the communication object *Scene*, all outputs assigned to the sent scene number will then move to the saved scene position or the current position will be saved as a new scene position.

Example

The first three outputs of the actuator are assigned to the following scenes. The preset values have been saved with the last corresponding setting of the scenes.

Output	Scene No.	Preset position	Preset louvre
А	5	20 %	50 %
А	9	47 %	30 %
А	45	70 %	80 %
В	5	20 %	50 %
В	37	82 %	65 %
В	45	75 %	31 %
В	78	65 %	77 %
С	10	80 %	-

If scene No. 5 is now recalled, the blinds on outputs A and B will move to the saved preset positions and align the louvres in accordance with the saved preset value. The roller blind on output C is not assigned to scene No. 5 and will therefore not move.

If however, scene 10 is recalled, only the roller blind on output C will move to the saved preset position. As output C in this example is operated in the *Shutter* mode, the subsequent alignment of the louvres is not undertaken.

If the telegram *recall scene no. 5* to the position 20 % / 50 % has been undertaken last on output A, and the user now wishes to use this position as the new preset value for scene no. 45, then the request *Save scene* as well as the no. 45 are sent with the push of a button via the KNX. The shutter/blind does not move. The current position is now saved as the new preset value for scene no. 45 (see the table below) and used the next time the scene is recalled.

Output	Scene No.	Preset position	Preset louvre
А	5	20 %	50 %
А	9	47 %	30 %
А	45	20 %	50 %

Benefits

The 1 byte scene offers a few advantages in comparison to conventional scene programming. On the one hand, only a single telegram, which is received by all participants in the scene and implemented accordingly, is sent on the bus to retrieve a scene. The target position is saved in the actuator and does not need to be transferred via the KNX with each recall. Only one group address is required for up to 64 scenes. This simplifies the engineering involved and reduces the bus load.

Reaction on bus voltage failure and programming

The saved scene values are retained with the bus voltage failure, as is the case if only the parameters are loaded when programming.

If the complete application must be reloaded during programming, then the scene value is reset to the position *right at the top*, i.e. preset position = 0 % and preset louvres = 0 %.

3.3.1

3.3 Communication objects

Brief overview of the communication objects

	Function		Name Data Point	Loweth	Flags				
CO No.	Function	Name	Type (DPT)	Length	С	R	w	Т	Α
	Move blinds Up-Down	Output A	1.008	1 bit	x		x		
1	Move shutter Up-Down	Output A	1.008	1 bit	x		x		
	Louvre adjustment/STOP	Output A	1.008	1 bit	х		x		
2	STOP	Output A	1.008	1 bit	x		х		
0	Blinds Up-Down limited	Output A	1.008	1 bit	х		х		
3	Shutter Up-Down limited	Output A	1.008	1 bit	x		х		
4	Move to position 0255	Output A	5.001	1 byte	х		х		
5	Move louvre 0255	Output A	5.001	1 byte	х		х		
6	Move to position 1/2	Output A	1.006	1 bit	x		х		
7	Move to position 3/4	Output A	1.006	1 bit	x		х		
8	Set position 1/2	Output A	1.006	1 bit	x		х		
9	Set position 3/4	Output A	1.006	1 bit	x		х		
10	Activation of aut. control	Output A	1.011	1 bit	х		х	х	х
11	Sun	Output A	1.001	1 bit	х		х	х	х
12	Move to pos. for sun 0255	Output A	5.001	1 byte	х		х	х	х
13	Adjust louvres for sun 0255	Output A	5.001	1 byte	х		х	х	х
14	Presence	Output A	1.002	1 bit	х		х	х	х
15	Heating	Output A	1.011	1 bit	х		х	х	х
16	Cooling	Output A	1.011	1 bit	х		х	х	х
17	Enable/disable automatic	Output A	1.001	1 bit	х		х	х	х
18	Enable / block direct control	Output A	1.001	1 bit	х		х	х	х
19	Block	Output A	1.011	1 bit	х		х		
20	Forced operation	Output A	2.002	2 bit	х		х		
21	Telegr. status position 0255	Output A	5.001	1 byte	х	х		х	
22	Telegr. status louvre 0255	Output A	5.001	1 byte	х	х		х	
23	Telegr. Status Position top	Output A	1.008	1 bit	х	х		х	
24	Telegr. Status Position bottom	Output A	1.008	1 bit	х	х		х	
25	Telegr. status of operation	Output A	1.002	1 bit	х	х		х	
26	Telegr. status automatic control	Output A	1.011	1 bit	х	х		х	
27	Telegr. Status byte	Output A	6.020	1 byte	х	х		х	
28	Telegr. status SMI failure	Output A	1.011	1 bit	х	х		х	
29	Telegr. status number of drives	Output A	1.011	1 bit	х	х		х	
30	Telegr. diagnostic byte	Output A	6.020	1 byte	x	x		x	
3160	The same CO as output A	Output B							
6190	The same CO as output A	Output C							
91120	The same CO as output A	Output D							

			Data Point		Flag	S			
CO No.	Function	Name	Type (DPT)	Length	С	R	w	Т	Α
121	Telegr. auxiliary voltage status	Output AD	1.005	1 bit	x	x		x	
122	Enable/ block manual operation	Output AD	1.001	1 bit	x		x		
123	Telegr. status of man. operation	Output AD	1.001	1 bit	x	x		x	
124	Wind alarm No. 1	Output AD	1.005	1 bit	x		x	х	х
125	Wind alarm No. 2	Output AD	1.005	1 bit	x		x	x	х
126	Wind alarm No. 3	Output AD	1.005	1 bit	x		x	x	х
127	Rain alarm	Output AD	1.005	1 bit	x		x	x	х
128	Frost alarm	Output AD	1.005	1 bit	x		x	x	x
129	Scene	Output AD	18.001	8 bit	x		x		
130	Time for automatic reactivation	Output AD	7.006	2 byte	х		х		
131	Delay time on sun = 1	Output AD	7.005	2 byte	x		x		
132	Delay time on sun = 0	Output AD	7.005	2 byte	x		x		
133	Delay for presence = 1	Output AD	7.005	2 byte	x		x		
134	Delay for presence = 0	Output AD	7.005	2 byte	x		x		

* CO = communication object

3.3.2 Communication objects *Output A...D*

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
1	Move blinds Up-Down (<i>Blinds</i> mode) Move shutter Up-Down (<i>Shutter</i> mode)	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.008	C, W
position		ed on this communication object, the shutte e shutter/blind stops automatically if the up		
2	Louvre adjustment /STOF (<i>Blinds</i> mode) STOP (<i>Shutter</i> mode)	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.007	C, W
upwards S <i>hutter</i>	s (0 = OPEN) or downwards (mode: When the shutter/blind m value: 0 = STOP/louvre	s at rest and a telegram is received on this of = CLOSE) is carried out. is at rest and a telegram is received, no act adjustment opening adjustment closing	, .	ıvre adjustmen
3	Blinds Up-Down limited (Blinds mode) Shutter Up-Down limited (Shutter mode)	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.008	C, W
<i>range</i> th If a telec paramet limit. Th	e option yes has been selecte gram with the value 0 is receiv erized limit. If a telegram with	ed on this communication object, the shutte the value 1 is received, the shutter/blind wi cally if the parameterized upper or lower lim	er/blind will move upwards to Il move downwards to the p	o the
4	Move to position 0255	Output A	1 byte DPT 5.001	C, W
been se If a teleç value. After the If a teleç	lected with the option activate gram is received on this comm e target position is reached, th gram is received during move	if in <u>Parameter window Position</u> , page 42, t <i>d.</i> unication object, the shutter/blind is moved e louvres will assume the same position wh nent on the communication object <i>Move lou</i> e target position has been reached.	to the height corresponding	g to the receive
Telegrai	m value: 0 = up; = inte	per rmediate position		

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
5	Move louvre 0255 (<i>Blind</i> s mode)	Output A	1 byte DPT 5.001	C, W
been se f a teleg f the sh then und	mmunication object is enabled if in <u>Para</u> elected with the option <i>activated</i> . gram is received on this communication nutter/blind is currently moving, the move dertaken. m value: 0 = louvre OPEN = intermediate 255 = louvre CLOS	object, the louvres are then position	ioned in accordance with th	e received value
Γ	Note			
	This communication object is only avail	able in the <i>Blinds</i> operation mode	ð.	
6 7	Move to position 1/2 Move to position 3/4	Output A Output A	1 bit DPT 1.006	C, W
	gram is received on this communication node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the mo	•	-	
lf a teleo receiveo		ovement occurs to position 1 (or p position 4). position 3	-	
If a teleç receivec Telegrai 8	node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the mo d, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p	ovement occurs to position 1 (or p position 4). position 3	-	
If a teleg received Telegran 8 9 This cor	node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the mo d, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p 1 = move to position 2 or p Set position 1/2	Ovement occurs to position 1 (or p position 4). Dosition 3 Dosition 4 Output A Output A	bosition 3); if a telegram wit	h the value 1 is
If a teleg received Telegran 8 9 This cor has bee If a teleg preset v If a teleg If a teleg	Node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the model, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p 1 = move to position 2 or p Set position 1/2 Set position 3/4 mmunication object is enabled, if in Para en selected with the option activated. gram is received on this communications gram with the value 0 is received, then th gram with the value 1 is received, then th	Output A Output A Output A Output A Meter window Position, page 42, s object, the current position of the ne current position is saved as the ne current position is saved as the	1 bit DPT 1.006 the parameter Move to pose e shutter/blind is accepted a e preset value for position 1 e preset value for position 2	h the value 1 is C, W sition: 1 bit prese as the new (or position 3).
If a teleg received Telegran 8 9 This cor has bee If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If the po	Node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the model gram with the value 0 is received, the model d, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p 1 = move to position 2 or p Set position 1/2 Set position 3/4 mmunication object is enabled, if in Para en selected with the option activated. gram is received on this communications value. gram with the value 0 is received, then the selected with the option activated.	Output A Output A Output A Output A object, the current position of the ne current position is saved as the a or 4), you will now move to the r us voltage failure. With the program	1 bit DPT 1.006 the parameter Move to pose e shutter/blind is accepted a e preset value for position 1 e preset value for position 2 new preset values. mming of the actuator, it is	C, W c, W sition: 1 bit prese as the new (or position 3). (or position 4).
If a teleg received Telegran 8 9 This corr has bee If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If the po The cha via a pa	Node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the model, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p 1 = move to position 2 or p Set position 1/2 Set position 3/4 mmunication object is enabled, if in Para en selected with the option activated. gram is received on this communications gram with the value 0 is received, then the gram with the value 1 is received, then the psitions 1 or 2 are recalled (or positions 2 anged preset values are retained on a but	Output A Output A Output A Output A Output A Meter window Position, page 42, a object, the current position of the ne current position is saved as the be current position is saved as the a current position is saved as the so of 4), you will now move to the r us voltage failure. With the prograver verwritten by the parameterized v usition 3	1 bit DPT 1.006 the parameter Move to pose e shutter/blind is accepted a e preset value for position 1 e preset value for position 2 new preset values. mming of the actuator, it is	C, W c, W sition: 1 bit prese as the new (or position 3). (or position 4).
If a teleg received Telegran 8 9 This corn has bee If a teleg preset v If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If the po The cha via a pa Telegran	node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the model, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p 1 = move to position 2 or p Set position 1/2 Set position 3/4 mmunication object is enabled, if in Para en selected with the option activated. gram is received on this communications value. gram with the value 0 is received, then the parametria of a construction of a construction of a construction value. gram with the value 1 is received, then the parameter if the saved values should be or m value: 0 = set position 1 or set position	Output A Output A Output A Output A Output A Meter window Position, page 42, a object, the current position of the ne current position is saved as the be current position is saved as the a current position is saved as the so of 4), you will now move to the r us voltage failure. With the prograver verwritten by the parameterized v usition 3	1 bit DPT 1.006 the parameter Move to pose e shutter/blind is accepted a e preset value for position 1 e preset value for position 2 new preset values. mming of the actuator, it is	C, W c, W sition: 1 bit prese as the new (or position 3). (or position 4).
If a telegreceived Telegran 8 9 This corn has bee If a teleg If a teleg If the po The cha via a pa Telegran 10 This corn has bee If a telegran	node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the mode, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p 1 = move to position 2 or p Set position 1/2 Set position 3/4 mmunication object is enabled, if in Para an selected with the option activated. gram with the value 0 is received, then th gram with the value 0 is received, then th positions 1 or 2 are recalled (or positions 2 anged preset values are retained on a burameter if the saved values should be or m value: 0 = set position 1 or set po 1 = set position 2 or set po Activation of aut. control mmunication object is enabled when in <u>F</u> anged with the value 1 is received on this	Output A Output A Output A Output A Output A object, the current position of the the current position is saved as the the current position is sa	1 bit DPT 1.006 the parameter Move to pose e shutter/blind is accepted at e preset value for position 1 e preset value for position 2 new preset values. mming of the actuator, it is ralues. 1 bit DPT 1.011 5, the parameter Use sun at natic control is activated. Th	C, W Sition: 1 bit prese as the new (or position 3). (or position 4). possible to set C, R, T, U automatic control ne output is
If a teleg received Telegran 8 9 This cor has bee If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If a teleg If the po The cha via a pa Telegran 10 This cor has bee If a teleg If a teleg	node, the louvre positioning is undertake gram with the value 0 is received, the mode, the movement occurs to position 2 (or m value: 0 = move to position 1 or p 1 = move to position 2 or p Set position 1/2 Set position 3/4 mmunication object is enabled, if in Para n selected with the option activated. gram is received on this communications ranged preset value 0 is received, then the positions 1 or 2 are recalled (or positions 3 anged preset values are retained on a burameter if the saved values should be or m value: 0 = set position 1 or set po 1 = set position 2 or set po Activation of aut. control mmunication object is enabled when in perasent with the value 1 is received on this	Output A object, the current position of the becurrent position is saved as the current position is saved as the current position is saved as the becurrent position is saved as the current position is saved as the current position is saved as the current position as a saved as the current position as a saved as the current position and the parameterized version 3 without a saved as the parameterized version 4 Output A Output A Parameter window Auto 1, page 4 communication object, the autom bects Sun, Presence, Heating and utter/blind remains in the current	1 bit DPT 1.006 the parameter Move to position 1 e preset value for position 1 e preset value for position 2 hew preset values. mming of the actuator, it is ralues. 1 bit DPT 1.011 5, the parameter Use sun a matic control is activated. The Cooling as well as Move to	C, W Sition: 1 bit prese as the new (or position 3). (or position 4). possible to set C, R, T, U automatic control ne output is pos. for sun

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
11	Sun	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.001	C, R, T, U
has bee Incomin If a telee position	mmunication object is enabled when in <u>P</u> on selected with the option yes. If the the selected with the option yes. If the the selected on th	t are only considered if automaticommunications object <i>Sun</i> , the	c control is activated. shutter/blind will move to th	e parameterized
The rea the shut within th versa. If the op	Position for sun = 0. ction to incoming telegrams can be delay tter/blinds continuously move up and dow ne delay time, the <i>Position for sun</i> = 1 is no otion <i>receive position via 8 bit value</i> is set	In in changeable weather. If a tel not executed and the shutter/blin as <i>Position for sun</i> = X, the outp	egram with the opposing va d remains in the <i>Position fo</i> out will move to the position	alue is received r sun = 0 or vice , after the delay
for sun	ed out, which was last received on the co 0255 (only for mode <i>Blinds</i>). m value: 0 = no sun	mmunication objects I (Mode Bli	nds and Shutter) as well as	Adjust louvres
	1 = sun			
12	Move to pos. for sun 0255	Output A	1 byte DPT 5.001	C, R, T, U
Incomin received	en selected with the option <i>Receive positi</i> g telegrams on this communication object d on the <i>Sun</i> communications object. The m value: 0 = upper = intermediate position 255 = lower	t are only executed if automatic		
If a teleg	e target position is reached, the louvres v gram is received during movement on the le corresponding received value after the	e communication object Adjust lo	uvres for sun 0255, then t	
13	Adjust louvres for sun 0255 (<i>Blinds</i> mode)	Output A	1 byte DPT 5.001	C, R, T, U
has bee Incomin received Telegra	mmunication object is enabled when in <u>P</u> in selected with the option <i>receive only lo</i> g telegrams on this communication object d on the communication object <i>Sun</i> . The m value: 0 = louvre fully opened = intermediate position 255 = louvre fully closed utter/blind is currently moving, the move	ouvre via object. It are only executed if automatic louvres are then positioned to co	control is activated and if a rrespond with the received	1 has been value.

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
14	Presence	Output A	1 bit	C, R, T, U
			DPT 1.002	

This communication object is enabled when in Parameter window Auto 2, page 49, the parameter Heating/cooling automatic control has been selected with the option activated.

Incoming telegrams on this communication object are only considered if automatic control is activated.

If a telegram with the value 1 is received on this communication object, the sun automatic control is activated and the shutter/blinds are controlled in accordance with the parameterized Position for sun = X.

If a telegram with the value 0 is received on this communication object, then heating/cooling automatic is activated and the shutter/blind is controlled in accordance with the parameterized Position for heating = 1 and sun = X or Position for cooling = 1 and sun = X.

The reaction to incoming telegrams can be delayed in its execution via the parameter *Delay for presence* = X, in order to avoid that the shutter/blinds continuously move up and down, when people enter and leave the room frequently. If a telegram with the opposing value is received within the delay time, the heating/cooling target position is not moved to and the shutter/blind remains in the sun automatic control target position or vice versa. Telegram value:

 $0 = no one present (\rightarrow heating / cooling automatic)$

1 = persons present (\rightarrow automatic sun protection)

Pay attention to the telegram values with communication objects 15/16 (heating/cooling)!

Note

If heating/cooling automatic control is to be programmed, but no sun automatic control is to be programmed, the communication object Presence has to remain without logical linking. Accordingly, the default value 0 is automatically present in this communication object. Thus heating/cooling automatic control is immediately activated, if automatic has been activated via the communication object Activation of aut. Control.

15	Heating	Output A	1 bit	C, R, T, U
16	Cooling	Output A	DPT 1.011	
This com	munication object is enabled when in Parame	ter window Auto 2, page 49, the par	ameter Heating/coolin	a automatic

control. has been selected with the option activated.

Incoming telegrams on these communication objects are only executed if automatic control is activated and if a 0 has been received on the Presence communications object.

If a telegram with the value 1 is received on the communications object Heating, then the output will move to the parameterized Position for heating = 1 and sun = 1 or Position for heating = 1 and sun = 0.

If a telegram with the value 1 is received on the communications object Cooling, then the output will move to the parameterized Position for cooling = 1 and sun = 1 or Position for cooling = 1 and sun = 0.

If both communication objects have last received a 0 or if both have received a 1, then the heating/cooling automatic is deactivated, and the output is controlled via sun automatic control.

Telegram value:

0 = do not heat/do not cool 1 = heating/cooling

17 I	Enable/disable automatic	Output A	1 bit	C, R, T, U
			DPT 1.001	
	nunication object is enabled when in Parameters been selected with the option via object enables		parameter Toggling to a	utomatic
can only be	m with the value 1 is received on this commu e controlled directly via communication object ation object <i>Activation of aut. Control.</i>			
If a telegram correspond	m with the value 0 is received on this commu ding output.	unication object, the automatic co	ontrol can be reactivated	l again for the
Telegram v	value: 0 = automatic control enabled 1 = automatic control disabled			

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
18	Enable / block direct control	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.001	C, R, T, U
	munication object is enabled when in Parame		rameter Toggling to di	rect control
If a teleg	ram with the value 1 is received on this comm ication objects No. 1 to 9.		rams will not be execu	ted on the
Telegran	n value: 0 = direct control enabled			
	1 = direct control disabled			
19	Block	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.011	C, W
	munication object is enabled when in Parame to been selected with the option activated.	eter window Safety, page 36, the pa	rameter Disable via co	mmunication
If a teleg	ram with the value 1 is received on this comm during blocking and operation is blocked.	unication object, then the shutter/bl	ind is moved to the par	rameterized
If a teleg	ram with the value 0 is received after a telegra			meterized
Telegran		<i>p</i>		
20	Forced operation	Output A	2 bit DPT 2.002	C, W
selected If a teleg operation If a teleg <i>Position</i> Telegran 21 This com been sel The actu	1 (binary 01): 2 (binary 10): 3 (binary 11): Telegr. status position 0255 Immunication object is enabled, if in Parameter ected with the option yes. ator sends the current position of the shutter/t	n this communication object, then the n this communication object, then the 1) is received after a 2 or a 3, then the d operation position and re-enabled Enable operation Enable operation UP/operation disabled DOWN/operation disabled Output A window Status, page 39, the param	e shutter/blind is open e shutter/blind is close the shutter/blind is mov 1 byte DPT 5.001	ed and d and ved to the C, R, T
Telegran	= intermediate position 255 = lower			
	ent position is sent after completion of a move osition is sent only after completion of the last		nenced in the meantin	ne, the
22	Telegr. status louvre 0255 (<i>Blinds</i> mode)	Output A	1 byte DPT 5.001	C, R, T
been sel The devi Telegran The curre	imunication object is enabled, if in <u>Parameter</u> ected with the option <i>yes</i> . ce sends the current position of the louvre set n value: 0 = louvre fully opened = intermediate position 255 = louvre fully closed ent position is sent after completion of a move osition is sent only after completion of the last	ting to this communication object. ment. If a new movement has comm		

	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
23	Telegr. status of upper pos.	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.008	C, R, T
	munication object is enabled, if in <u>Parameter</u>	window Status, page 39, the page	arameter Send position:	limit position
	has been selected with the option yes. ce sends information to this communication ob	piect regarding if the shutter/bli	nd is, or is not in the up	per end limit
position.		, , ,		
Telegran	n value: 0 = shutter/blind not in upper end 1 = shutter/blind in upper end pos			
The upp	er status position is sent, after the upper end p	osition is achieved or exited.		
24	Telegr. status of lower pos.	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.008	C, R, T
	nmunication object is enabled, if in Parameter has been selected with the option yes.	window Status, page 39, the pa	arameter Send position:	limit position
The devi	ce sends information to this communication of	pject regarding if the shutter/bli	nd is, or is not in the low	ver end limit
position. Telegran				
The lowe	er status position is sent, after the lower end po			
25	Telegr. status of operation	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.002	C, R, T
	nmunication object is enabled when in Parame	ter window Status, page 39, th	e parameter Send statu	s of operation
	communication object, the device sends inform	•		
	ration is disabled if either one of the safety fun gled to manual operation.	ctions has been activated (e.g.	. Wind alarm) or if the a	ctuator has
	giod to manual operation.			
0				
Telegran	n value: 0 = operation enabled 1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs.			
Telegran	1 = operation disabled	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.011	C, R, T
Γelegran Γhe oper 26 Γhis com	1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs. Telegr. status automatic control munication object is enabled when in <u>Parame</u>		DPT 1.011	
Felegran Fhe oper 26 Fhis com control h	1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs. Telegr. status automatic control munication object is enabled when in <u>Parame</u> as been selected with the option <i>yes</i> .	ter window Status, page 39, th	DPT 1.011 e parameter Send statu	is of automatic
Felegran The oper 26 This com <i>control</i> h On this c	1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs. Telegr. status automatic control munication object is enabled when in Parame as been selected with the option <i>yes</i> . communication object, the device sends inform	ter window Status, page 39, th	DPT 1.011 e parameter Send statu	is of automatic
Felegran Fhe oper 26 Fhis com control h Dn this c Felegran	1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs. Telegr. status automatic control munication object is enabled when in Parame as been selected with the option yes. communication object, the device sends inform n value: 0 = automatic not activated 1 = automatic activated	ter window Status, page 39, th	DPT 1.011 e parameter Send statu	is of automatic
Telegran The oper 26 This com <i>control</i> h On this c Telegran	1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs. Telegr. status automatic control munication object is enabled when in Parame as been selected with the option yes. communication object, the device sends inform n value: 0 = automatic not activated	ter window Status, page 39, th	DPT 1.011 e parameter Send statu	is of automatic
Telegran The oper 26 This com <i>control</i> h On this c Telegran	1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs. Telegr. status automatic control mmunication object is enabled when in Parame as been selected with the option yes. communication object, the device sends inform n value: 0 = automatic not activated 1 = automatic activated matic status is sent when a change occurs.	ter window Status, page 39, th	DPT 1.011 e parameter Send statu	is of automatic
Telegran The oper 26 This com control h On this c Telegran The auto If the	1 = operation disabled ration status is sent, when a change occurs. Telegr. status automatic control mmunication object is enabled when in Parame as been selected with the option yes. communication object, the device sends inform n value: 0 = automatic not activated 1 = automatic activated matic status is sent when a change occurs.	ter window Status, page 39, th nation regarding if automatic co	DPT 1.011 e parameter Send statu ntrol has been activated	d.

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
27	Telegr. status byte	Output A	1 byte DPT 6.020	C, R, T
selected Using thi operating Telegram Bit No. Telegram	 7: Heating / cooling auto 6: Automatic sun protect 5: Wind alarm 4: Rain alarm 3: Frost alarm 2: Forced operation 1: Block 0: Manual operation 	information regarding the mode, in e. matic ion	rameter Send status by	
28	Telegr. status SMI failure	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.011	C, R, T
been sele Using thi or the 23 Telegran	munication object is enabled when in <u>Parame</u> ected with the option <i>yes</i> . s communication object, the device sends a te 0 V operating voltage has failed. n value: 0 = SMI o.k. 1 = SMI or 230 V has failed failure is sent on changes.			
29	Telegr. status number of drives	Output A	1 bit DPT 1.011	C, R, T
SMI drive Using thi output de Telegran	1 = number of drives too high/ too	elegram with the value 1, if the numles.	ber of connected drives	s per SMI
	re than four drives are connected to a channe rams via the KNX are carried out. Operation c			

No.	Function			Object name	Data type	Flags
30	Telegr. o	liagnostic	byte	Output A	1 byte DPT 6.020	C, R, T
has beer	n selected v	with the op	tion yes.	ter window Status, page 39, th		
Using thi Telegran		Cation obj 7654321 7: 6: 5: 4: 3: 2: 1: 0:		than configured han configured	it state of the drive on th	e KNX.
Telegran		0: 1:	Not activated Activated			
0			<i>i</i> th changes. Code table Diagnostic	<mark>byte</mark> , page 80		
3160	Analog o	output A		Output B		
6190	Analog	output A		Output C		
91 120	Analog	output A		Output D		

3.3.3 Communication objects General

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
21	Telegr. auxiliary voltage status	Output A-D	1 bit DPT 1.005	C, R, T
his con	nmunication object is enabled when in Paran	neter window Manual, page 2	24, the parameter Send stat	tus auxiliary
oltage/	SMI supply voltage has been selected with t	he option yes.	,	,
	communication object, the device sends infor	mation regarding whether th	e 230 V auxiliary voltage ha	as been
connecte				
lelegran	n value: 0 = 230 V AC auxiliary voltage s 1 = 230 V AC auxiliary voltage s			
f the 23	0 V AC auxiliary voltage fails, the SMI drives		he	
	iliary voltage status is sent when a change of			
122	Disable/ block manual operation	Output A-D	1 bit	C, W
			DPT 1.001	-,
This con	nmunication object is enabled when in Param	neter window Manual, page 2	24. the parameter Manual o	peration has
	lected with the option via object enable/ disa		- ,	
Manual e	operation of the device is blocked or enabled	I via this communication obje	ct.	
Using th	e value 0, the button 😂 is enabled on the de	evice. If the device is in Manu	al operation, it toggles imm	ediately to KNX
operatio				-
Using the	e value 1, the button 😂 is blocked on the de	vice.		
Telegrar	n value: 0 = button 🥯 enabled			
	1 = button 🥯 disabled			
123	Telegr. status of man. operation	Output A-D	1 bit	C, R, T
			DPT 1.001	
operatio	nmunication object is enabled when in <u>Paran</u> <i>n</i> has been selected with the option <i>yes</i> . nmunication object indicates whether manua		24, the parameter <i>Send sta</i>	tus of manual
operation This com	<i>n</i> has been selected with the option <i>yes</i> . nmunication object indicates whether manua	l operation is activated.	24, the parameter Send sta	tus of manual
operation This com Telegrar	 n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manua n value: 0 = manual operation not active 	l operation is activated.		
operation This com Telegran The state	 n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change 	l operation is activated.		nmed.
operation This com Telegrar The state	 n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change Wind alarm No. 1 	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D	inge and request as program	nmed.
operation This com Telegran The state 124 125	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D	nge and request as program	nmed.
operation This com Telegrar The state 124 125 126	 <i>n</i> has been selected with the option <i>y</i>es. <i>n</i> munication object indicates whether manual <i>n</i> value: 0 = manual operation not active <i>1</i> = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D	inge and request as program	nmed.
operation This con Telegrar The statu 124 125 126 127	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D	inge and request as program	
operation This con Telegrar The state 124 125 126 127 128	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D	nge and request as program 1 bit DPT 1.005	nmed.
operation This con Telegrar The state 124 125 126 127 128 These co	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm pommunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u>	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D eter window Weather, page 2	nge and request as program 1 bit DPT 1.005 19.	nmed.
operation This con Telegrar The statu 124 125 126 127 128 These co These co	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u> ommunication objects can be cyclically monit	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D	nge and request as program 1 bit DPT 1.005 P9. ned by the monitoring time.	nmed.
operation This con Telegrar The statu 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u> ommunication objects can be cyclically monitoring time	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D eter window Weather, page 2 tored. The interval is determite, the operation of the shutter	1 bit DPT 1.005	nmed. C, R, T, U
operation This con Telegrar The state 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the If a teleg	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u> ommunication objects can be cyclically monit	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D eter window Weather, page 2 tored. The interval is determite, the operation of the shutted am is received during the mo	1 bit DPT 1.005 29. ned by the monitoring time. r/blinds are enabled. nitoring period, the shutter/	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are
operation This com Telegrar The statu 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the If a teleg moved to	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in Parame ommunication objects can be cyclically monitor value 0 is received within the monitoring time prom with the value 1 is received or no telegration	l operation is activated. e, after request or after a cha Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D eter window Weather, page 2 tored. The interval is determite, the operation of the shutted am is received during the mo	1 bit DPT 1.005 29. ned by the monitoring time. r/blinds are enabled. nitoring period, the shutter/	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are
operation This con Telegrar The statu 124 125 126 127 These co with the If a teleg moved the automati If after a	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u> ommunication objects can be cyclically monit value 0 is received within the monitoring time gram with the value 1 is received or no telegra o the parameterized <i>Position on wind alarm</i> (I operation is activated. e, after request or after a char Output A-D Output area is determined b, the operation of the shutter am is received during the mode for with a <i>Rain alarm</i> or <i>Frost</i> I has been exceeded, a teleg	1 bit DPT 1.005 29. ned by the monitoring time. //blinds are enabled. /nitoring period, the shutter/ t alarm). Operation via direct ram with the value 0 is rece	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are tt telegrams and
operation This com Telegrar The statu 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the ff a teleg moved the automation If a ster a time, the	 <i>n</i> has been selected with the option <i>y</i>es. <i>n</i> munication object indicates whether manual <i>n</i> value: 0 = manual operation not active <i>1</i> = manual operation active <i>1</i> = manu	I operation is activated. e, after request or after a char Output A-D Output A-D Outpu	1 bit DPT 1.005	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are t telegrams and sived for the firs
operation This con Telegrar The state 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the If a teleg moved to automati If after a time, the The mor voltage r	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in Parame ommunication objects can be cyclically monit value 0 is received within the monitoring time gram with the value 1 is received or no telegra to the parameterized <i>Position on wind alarm</i> (ic telegrams is disabled. weather alarm or after the monitoring period e shutter/blind is moved to the <i>Position on res</i> nitoring period is restarted after each telegram	I operation is activated. e, after request or after a char Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D I he interval is determine a, the operation of the shutter am is received during the more (or with a Rain alarm or Frost I has been exceeded, a teleges set of weather alarm and the m is received as well as after on objects are logically connect	1 bit DPT 1.005 29. ned by the monitoring time. r/blinds are enabled. mitoring period, the shutter/ t alarm). Operation via direct ram with the value 0 is recet operation is re-enabled. programming of the actuat ected via an OR gate, i.e. if	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are tt telegrams an eived for the firs or and with bus a wind alarm is
operation This con Telegran The statu 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the If a teleg moved to automati If after a time, the The mor voltage r present f	<i>n</i> has been selected with the option <i>y</i> es. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent <i>after a change</i> Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u> ommunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u> ormunication objects are enabled in <u>Parame</u> on the value 1 is received or no telegration the value 1 is receive	I operation is activated. a, after request or after a char Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D output A-D atter window Weather, page 2 tored. The interval is determine a, the operation of the shutter arm is received during the mode (or with a Rain alarm or Frost I has been exceeded, a telegors the operation of the shutter arm is received as well as after on objects are logically common r a telegram is not received of the operation of the shutter on objects are logically common the operation of the shutter on objects are logically common the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the	1 bit DPT 1.005 29. ned by the monitoring time. r/blinds are enabled. mitoring period, the shutter/ t alarm). Operation via direct ram with the value 0 is recet operation is re-enabled. programming of the actuat ected via an OR gate, i.e. if	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are tt telegrams an sived for the firs or and with bus a wind alarm is
operation This con Telegran The statu 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the If a teleg moved to automati If after a time, the The mor voltage r present f shutter/b	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in Parame ommunication objects can be cyclically monit value 0 is received within the monitoring time or the parameterized <i>Position on wind alarm</i> (is telegrams is disabled. weather alarm or after the monitoring period e shutter/blind is moved to the <i>Position on res</i> nitoring period is restarted after each telegrar recovery. The three wind alarm communication for one of the three communication objects of blind moves to the parameterized <i>Position on</i>	I operation is activated. a, after request or after a char Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D output A-D atter window Weather, page 2 tored. The interval is determine a, the operation of the shutter arm is received during the mode (or with a Rain alarm or Frost I has been exceeded, a telegors the operation of the shutter arm is received as well as after on objects are logically common r a telegram is not received of the operation of the shutter on objects are logically common the operation of the shutter on objects are logically common the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the	1 bit DPT 1.005 29. ned by the monitoring time. r/blinds are enabled. mitoring period, the shutter/ t alarm). Operation via direct ram with the value 0 is recet operation is re-enabled. programming of the actuat ected via an OR gate, i.e. if	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are tt telegrams an sived for the firs or and with bus a wind alarm is
operation This con Telegran The statu 124 125 126 127 128 These co with the If a teleg moved to automati If after a time, the The mor voltage r present f shutter/b	n has been selected with the option yes. nmunication object indicates whether manual n value: 0 = manual operation not active 1 = manual operation active us of manual operation is sent after a change Wind alarm No. 1 Wind alarm No. 2 Wind alarm No. 3 Rain alarm Frost alarm ommunication objects are enabled in Parame ommunication objects can be cyclically monit value 0 is received within the monitoring time or the parameterized <i>Position on wind alarm</i> (is telegrams is disabled. weather alarm or after the monitoring period a shutter/blind is moved to the <i>Position on res</i> nitoring period is restarted after each telegrar recovery. The three wind alarm communication for one of the three communication objects or for one of the three communication objects or the three communication objects or for one of the three communication objects or the the communic	I operation is activated. a, after request or after a char Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D Output A-D output A-D atter window Weather, page 2 tored. The interval is determine a, the operation of the shutter arm is received during the mode (or with a Rain alarm or Frost I has been exceeded, a telegors the operation of the shutter arm is received as well as after on objects are logically common r a telegram is not received of the operation of the shutter on objects are logically common the operation of the shutter on objects are logically common the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the operation of the operation of the shutter the operation of the	1 bit DPT 1.005 29. ned by the monitoring time. r/blinds are enabled. mitoring period, the shutter/ t alarm). Operation via direct ram with the value 0 is recet operation is re-enabled. programming of the actuat ected via an OR gate, i.e. if	nmed. C, R, T, U If a telegram blinds are tt telegrams an eived for the firs or and with bus a wind alarm is

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags	
129	Scene	Output A-D	8 bit DPT 18.001	C, W	
	munication object is enabled when in Parame	ter window Output A-D Scene,	page 51, the parameter	1 byte scene	
	n selected with the option activated.				
	communication object, each output can be int of the recalled scene is received as well as the				
	position is to be saved as a new preset value, u				
Telegram		0, 0 0			
Telegram	n value: NNNNNN: 063: Scene number				
	X: free (contains no inform M: 0 = recall scene 1 = save scene	mation)			
	ed scene values are retained with the bus volta ming. If the programming of the complete appli				
•	ner information see: Code table Scene (8 bit	<u>t), DPT 18.001</u> , page 81 with a	II possible combination	ons	
130	Time for automatic reactivation	Output A-D	2 hyto	C, W	
130			2 byte DPT 7.006	0, W	
This com	munication object is enabled when in Parame	ter window General, page 21, th	ne parameter Allow par	ameter	
	via EIB/KNX has been selected with the option		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
With this KNX.	communication object, the parameter Time to	reactivate automatic control au	<i>itomatically</i> can be cha	nged via the	
Telegram	n value: 0 = automatic reactivatio	on deactivated			
5	11,000 = time to reactivate au	tomatic control automatically			
On a bus voltage failure, the changed parameter settings are retained.					
Note	Note				
-	Only telegram values between 0 and 1,000 minutes are valid. If another value is sent, the telegram does not initiate a parameter change.				
For furth	ner information see: Parameter <u>Time to rea</u>	ctivate automatic control auto	omatically, page 46		
131	Delay time on sun = 1	Output A-D	2 byte	C, W	
132	Delay time on sun = 0	Output A-D	DPT 7.005		
133	Delay for presence = 1	Output A-D			
	Delay for presence = 0	Output A-D			
134					
	munication object is enabled when in Parame via EIB/KNX has been selected with the option		ne parameter Allow par	ameter	
With this	communication object, the parameters of the	same name can be modified via	a KNX.		
Telegram					
On a bus	s voltage failure the changed parameter setting	s are retained.			
Note	e				
Only telegram values between 0 and 6,000 seconds are valid. If another value is sent, the telegram does not initiate a parameter change.					
For furth					

4 Planning and Application

4.1 Standard Motor Interface (SMI)

4.1.1 Introduction

SMI is a digital interface for control of electrical blinds and shutter drives. Telegrams between the control and drive are exchanged via SMI. The control sends travel telegrams to the drive; the drive sends status messages to the control.

SMI certified products from different manufacturers are compatible and can be operated simultaneously in a system.

The Blind/Shutter Actuators JA/S 4.SMI.1M and SJR/S 4.24.2.1 from ABB STOTZ-KONTAKT converts KNX telegrams to SMI telegrams and enables the control of SMI drives via KNX. Furthermore, they receive status messages from SMI drives and can, for example, pass on this information via KNX to a visualisation system.

Blind control with SMI has three advantages compared to the traditional blind control using relay technology:

• The shutter/blind can be positioned more precisely:

The determination of the current position as well as the movement to a target position occurs directly on a SMI drive. Accordingly, inaccuracies associated with calculation of the position via travel times are not an issue.

Status messages from the drive can be evaluated via KNX

The SMI drive not only determines the precise position, but also other diagnostic and error messages, e.g.:

- Motor fault
- Motor moves DOWN
- Motor moves UP
- Communication diagnostics
- Reduction of the wiring work

SMI drives can be wired in parallel.

4.1.2 Connection

The SMI drive is connected using a 5-core cable with a maximum length of 350 meters. Three cores are used for the phase, neutral and PE, and two cores are used for data transmission.

Up to 16 SMI drives can be connected to an SMI cable (max. 4 SMI drives per output with JA/S 4.SMI.1M and SJR/S 4.24.2.1). Three different operating modes are used to control the drives:

- Single operation
- Parallel operation with multiple addressing
- Parallel operation with single addressing*

* does not apply for JA/S 4.SMI.1M and SJR/S 4.24.2.1

Blind/Shutter Actuators JA/S 4.SMI.1M and SJR/S 4.24.2.1 from ABB STOTZ-KONTAKT support both of the first two operating modes. In contrast to the third operating mode, no SMI commissioning knowledge is necessary.

Single operation

Only one SMI drive is connected to each output of the actuator. The full range of functionality is available, particularly the exact positioning of the shutter/blind and the use of status messages from the drive.

Parallel operation with multiple addressing

Up to 4 SMI drives can be connected to an output of the actuator. All connected drives can only be controlled as a group. This operating mode is particularly suitable, for example, for offices with 2 or more windows, in which the blinds are operated in parallel. In parallel operation with multiple addressing, exact positioning is available just as with single operation. The status messages of the drive cannot, however, be uniquely evaluated, as it is not possible to determine from which drive the message originates. Status messages can therefore only be used on a limited basis.

4.1.3 Commissioning

No SMI knowledge is required for KNX commissioning. The SMI Actuators JA/S 4.SMI.1M and SJR/S 4.24.2.1 are connected to the KNX as well as to the SMI data cable and commissioned via the ETS.

All settings in the ETS can be undertaken with the existing product manual.

4.1.4 SMI technical data

SMI interface

Concept	One master (actuator), multiple slaves (drives)		
Drive connection	5-core installation cable without shielding		
Number of SMI drives	1 to max. 16 per SMI output (max. 4 SMI drives per SMI output with JA/S 4.SMI.1M and SJR/S 4.24.2.1)		
Max. cable length	350 m		
Topology	any		
Baud rate	2,400 bits/s		
Data transmission	bi-directional		
Operating modes			

- Single operation
- Parallel operation with multiple addressing
- Parallel operation with single addressing*

* does not apply for JA/S 4.SMI.1M and SJR/S 4.24.2.1

More detailed information concerning SMI technology as well as a planning manual can be found at www.smi-group.com

4.2 Move to position

Move to position 0...100 %

The shutter/blind can be moved into any position via an 8 bit value. In the *Blinds* operation mode, the louvres can also be positioned into any angle via an 8 bit value. In this way, it can be decided for each movement telegram on the position that the shutter/blind should move to. It is possible to set the position from a display or a visualisation terminal.



Move to preset position

For each output, it is possible to parameterize up to 4 preset positions individually, which are then recalled via a 1 bit telegram. When moving into one of these preset positions, the target position must first be set, either via the parameters during programming or via the function *Set preset position*. This preset target position can then, for example, be recalled as often as required by pressing a push button.

Set preset position

The preset position can be changed very easily via a 1 bit telegram. To do so, the blinds are moved via UP/DOWN telegrams as well as STOP/louvre adjustment UP/DOWN telegrams into the required new preset position. The new position is adopted via a 1 bit telegram as a new preset position into the memory of the device.

Example

The blinds are moved into a preset position after a short push button action, and the current position is adopted as the new preset position after a long push button action.



The saved preset values are retained with a bus voltage failure. With the programming, it is possible to set via a parameter if the saved values should be overwritten by the parameterized values.
4.3 Automatic controls

4.3.1 Automatic sun protection

Function

Together with other KNX components, a very comfortable sun automatic control can be established with the blind/shutter actuators. The automatic sun protection controls the shutter/blind according to the level of sunlight. Depending on the strength and direction of the sun, the shutter/blind is moved into a parameterized position via an 8 bit value or into a variable position, depending on the situation.

For example, the blinds can be moved UP if the sunshine is very weak or if the window concerned is in the shade. As much light as possible is thereby let into the room without any disruptive direct sunlight being taken into account. If there is blazing sunshine on the window however, the blind is lowered and the louvres are closed to the extent that direct sunlight cannot penetrate the room. The residual opening in the blinds lets in a sufficient level of diffuse light into the room.



When using special directional louvres, the direct light into the room is guided, so that the no disruptive direct light penetrates the room but at the same time optimum use is made of the existing natural daylight.



Setting up a simple automatic sun protection system

Two further components are required in addition to the actuator and touch sensor in order to set up a simple automatic sun protection system: an activation option for the user, e.g. a further switch sensor or the second rocker of the UP/DOWN touch sensor and a brightness sensor. With the help of the second switch sensor, the user of the room can specify whether they wish to use the automatic sun protection or whether they would rather control the shutters/blinds manually. If the automatic sun protection is activated via a switch sensor, the shutter/blind moves automatically until either the automatic sun protection is deactivated via the same switch sensor or the user issues a direct travel telegram, e.g. UP/DOWN or move into position, and the automatic function is thus also deactivated. This also deactivates the automatic control.

The actuator receives the information via the brightness sensor as to whether there is direct sunlight on the window or the façade. Once the parameterizable delay period has elapsed, the actuator positions the shutter/blind according to the set *Position for sun* = 1 (*sun*) or *Position for sun* = 0 (*no sun*).



Planning a simple automatic sun protection system

To set up an automatic sun protection system with tracking of the sun's position, the following KNX components are required:

- Blind/shutter actuator
- KNX switch sensor or universal interface with push button
- Brightness sensor



Design of an automatic sun protection system with tracking of the sun's position

To set up an automatic sun protection system with tracking of the sun's position, an additional control unit is required, e.g. the Shutter Control Unit JSB/S.

The current position of the sun is continually calculated in the shutter control unit. The shutter/blind is moved via an 8 bit value into the optimum position to deflect direct sunshine, but to let through as much diffuse light as possible. The influence of shadows, e.g. the buildings opposite, can also be taken into account in the shutter control unit.



Planning a simple automatic sun protection system with tracking of the sun's position

The following KNX components are required for setting up an automatic sun protection system including automatic sun protection with tracking of the sun's position:

- Blind/shutter actuator
- KNX switch sensor or universal interface with push button
- Brightness sensor
- Shutter control unit



The current position of the sun is calculated based on the time of day. The Shutter Control Unit can be operated as an independent clock, as a master clock or as a slave clock on the KNX. Several shutter control units can also be synchronised together. If the shutter control unit is operated as an independent clock or as a master clock, no further time switches are required for sunblind/shutter control.

The shutter control unit can likewise be operated as a slave clock if, for example, a master clock is present in the installation. A time switch, which can send the time and date on the KNX, must be used as a master clock, if an additional time switch is added to the system.

4.3.2 Heating/cooling automatic

Function

The heating/cooling automatic control moves the shutter/blinds according to the sun's rays and the required energy input requirement into the room. The shutter/blind is moved into a set position depending on whether the room should be heated or cooled and how strong the sun is and in which direction it is shining. The shutter can, for example, be raised during the heating phase when the sun is shining to achieve a maximum energy input into the room. If there is no sun, for example during the night, an internal blind is closed, which ensures that the heat collected during the day is not completely lost during night reduction. During the cooling phase, the blind can be lowered during full sunshine in order to keep the energy input at a minimum. During the night, a reduction in the room temperature in an air-conditioned room to the external temperature can likewise be counteracted by the use of an internal blind.



Setup

Two further components are required in addition to the automatic control components in order to set up an automatic heating/cooling control system:

- a toggle option between automatic sun protection and heating/cooling automatic, e.g. a presence detector.
- a toggle option between HEATING and COOLING, e.g. a yearly clock timer or a temperature sensor.

With the help of the switch sensor, the user of the room can specify whether they wish to use the automatic control or whether they would rather control the shutters/blinds manually. If the automatic control is activated, the shutter/blind moves automatically until either the automatic is deactivated via the same switch sensor or the user issues a direct travel telegram, e.g. UP/DOWN or move into position. This also deactivates the automatic control.

The actuator receives the information via the presence detector as to whether there are people in the room. If the room is occupied, the blind is controlled according to the automatic sun protection function. If nobody is in the room, the shutter/blind is controlled according to the heating/cooling automatic.

The actuator receives, for example, the information via a year timer switch or a thermostat as to whether the room should be heated or cooled. The shutter/blind moves into the set heating or cooling position, depending on the position and intensity of the sun.



Planning information

The following KNX components are required for setting up an automatic heating/control system including automatic sun protection with tracking of the sun's position.

- Blind/shutter actuator
- KNX switch sensors or Universal Interface with push button
- KNX Presence Detector or universal interface with presence detector
- Brightness sensor
- Shutter control unit
- External thermostat



The automatic heating/cooling control for shutters/blinds is predominantly carried out independently of the individual room temperature control. Optimum use is made of the sun as an energy source for controlling the blinds, thereby saving energy. The remaining temperature differential to the setpoint temperature is balanced out via the individual room temperature control.

As a result, if a room should be protected all day against the sunlight, for example, the air conditioning system only occasionally cools down the room via a 2-step controller. In this case, the control of the air conditioning system is independent of the control of the shutter/blind.

The same room thermostat should therefore not be used for controlling the shutters/blinds, but rather an external thermostat or a year timer switch, e.g. heating period from November to March, cooling period from June to August. A time switch with 1 bit telegrams is sufficient for heating/cooling automatic. If the time switch should also be used simultaneously as a master clock for automatic sun protection with tracking of the sun's position, it must also be able to send the time and the date on the KNX.

A Appendix

A.1 Code table *Status byte*

Bit No.		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Status byte value (decimal)	Hexadecimal	Heating/Cooling automatic	Automatic sun protection	Wind alarm	Rain alarm	Frost alarm	Forced operation	Block	Manual operation	Current status	Operation
0	00									Direct positioning	Via the communication objects: UP/DOWN STOP/louvre adjustment Move to position Scene
1	01									Manual operation	Via device buttons
2	02									Block	Disabled
4	04									Forced operation	Disabled
8	08									Frost alarm	Disabled
16	10									Rain alarm	Disabled
32	20									Wind alarm	Disabled
64	40									Automatic sun protection	Via the communication objects: Sun Sun position Sun louvre
128	80									Heating/Cooling automatic	Via the communication objects: Heating Cooling
Other	Other	х	х	Х	х	х	х	Х	х	Not defined	

empty = value 0

■ = value 1, applies

A.2

Code table Diagnostic byte

Bit No.		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	B		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Bit No.		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		u		NΝ		IMS	ied	tect.	ves			'n		WN		IMS	ied	tect.	ves			u		wN		W	ied	tect.	ves
Diagnostic value	_	No communication	P	Motor moves DOWN		Short-circuit on SMI (hardware fault)	At least 1 drive cannot be identified via its ID	< More drives detect. than configured	> More than 4 drives detected on SMI	Diamostic value		No communication	P	Motor moves DOWN		Short-circuit on SMI (hardware fault)	At least 1 drive cannot be identified via its ID	< More drives detect. than configured	 More than 4 drives detected on SMI 	Diagnostic value		No communication	Motor moves UP	Motor moves DOWN		Short-circuit on SMI (hardware fault)	At least 1 drive cannot be identified via its ID	< More drives detect. than configured	> More than 4 drives detected on SMI
tic <	imal	nun	oves	oves	Ħ	cuit e fa	1 dri e id	figu	on		ima	nun	oves	oves	Ħ	cuit e fa	1 dri e id	lrive figu	on	tic v	ima	nuni	oves	oves	Ħ	cuit e fa	1 dri e id	figu	on
nosi	adec	omn	Ĕ	ň	or fa	t-cir dwar	ast . Iot b	re d con	rre th cted	, sou	dec	- umo	Ĕ	ň	or fa	t-cir dwar	ast ` totb	re d con	cted	nosi	adec	omn	Ĕ	Ě	or fa	t-cir dwar	ast . Iot b Is ID	re d con	re th cted
Diag	Hexadecimal	No c	Motor moves UP	Moto	Motor fault	Short-circuit on (hardware fault)	At least 1 drive cannot be ident via its ID	< More drives de than configured	> Mo	Line C	Hexadecimal	No c	Motor moves UP	Moto	Motor fault	Short-circuit on (hardware fault)	At least 1 drive cannot be iden via its ID	< More drives d than configured	> More than 4 dr detected on SMI	Diag	Hexadecimal	Noc	Moto	Moto	Motor fault	Short-circuit on (hardware fault)	At least 1 drive cannot be iden via its ID	< More drives de than configured	> Mo
0	00		_		_			• •		86	56						-			172	AC								
1 2	01 02									8					-					173 174	AD AE								
3 4	03 04									89	59 5A				-					175 176	AF B0								
5	05 06									9	5B				-					177 178	B1 B2								
7	07						-			93	5D				÷					179	B3							-	
8	08 09							_		94	5E				ī	-				180 181	B4 B5								
10 11	0A 0B									96	61									182 183	B6 B7								
12 13	0C 0D									98		-		•						184 185	B8 B9								•
14 15	0E 0F									10 10	0 64 1 65			-						186 187	BA BB								
16 17	10 11								-	10	2 66				-				-	188 189	BC BD						-		-
18	12									10	4 68						-			190	BE	-							
19 20	13 14							•		10 10	6A 6									191 192	BF C0				•				
21 22	15 16									10 10	B 6C									193 194	C1 C2								
23 24	17 18									10 11	9 6D 0 6E									195 196	C3 C4								
25 26	19 1A									11	1 6F									197 198	C5 C6				-				
27	1B						_	•		11	3 71							_		199	C7					_	-	-	
28 29	1C 1D									11	5 73									200 201	C8 C9								
30 31	1E 1F									11					-					202 203	CA CB								
32 33	20 21									11				-	•					204 205	CC CD								
34 35	22 23									12	D 78				-					206 207	CE CF								
36	24									12	2 7A							•		208	D0	-				_	_	_	
37 38	25 26									12 12 12	3 7B 4 7C		-							209 210	D1 D2								
39 40	27 28									12	6 7E				-					211 212	D3 D4								
41 42	29 2A									12 12	7 7F 8 80		•	•						213 214	D5 D6							-	
43 44	2B 2C									12 13	9 81									215 216	D7 D8								
45 46	2D 2E									13 13	1 83									217 218	D9 DA								
47	2F									13	3 85									219	DB								
48 49	30 31									13 13	5 87						-			220 221	DC DD								
50 51	32 33									13	7 89									222 223	DE DF								
52 53	34 35									13 13	8 8A 9 8B							•		224 225	E0 E1			-					
54 55	36 37									14 14	0 8C									226 227	E2 E3								
56 57	38 39								-	14	2 8E	Ē						•		228 229	E4 E5		Ē						
58	ЗA							-	-	14	4 90	Ē			÷		-		-	230	E6			i					-
59 60	3B 3C									14	6 92	•						•		231 232	E7 E8	-	-				-	•	
61 62	3D 3E									14 14	3 94									233 234	E9 EA								
63 64	3F 40									14 15	9 95				-					235 236	EB EC								
65 66	41 42									15	1 97				-					237 238	ED EE								
67	43									15	3 99				÷					239	EF			Ī					
68 69	44 45							-		15	5 9B	-					-			240 241	F0 F1							_	
70 71	46 47							•		15 15	7 9D									242 243	F2 F3								
72 73	48 49									15 15					-					244 245	F4 F5								
74 75	4A 4B									16 16	0 A0									246 247	F6 F7			-	•				
76 77	4C 4D					•	•		-	16	2 A2				-			•	-	248 249	F8 F9								
78	4E							-		16	4 A4						•		-	250	FA		-						
79 80	4F 50							-	•	16	6 A6							•		251 252	FB FC							•	
81 82	51 52									16 16	B A8									253 254	FD FE	-							
83 84	53 54									16 17										255	FF								
85	55									17																			

empty = value 0

= value 1, applies

A.3 Code table Scene (8 bit), DPT 18.001

The following table indicates the telegram code for an 8 bit scene in hexadecimal and binary code with the first 64 scenes. Normally when retrieving or storing a scene, an 8 bit value must be sent.

Bit No.		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			B	t D.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
8 bit value		Recall 0 Saving 1	not defined	Binary counter codes		Recall A Save S no reaction –	8 bit value	Hexadecimal	Recall 0 Saving 1	not defined	Binary counter	Binary counter codes		Recall A Save S no reaction –									
0	00 01	0								1	A A	12	8 80 9 81	1								1	S S
2	02	0							_	3	A	13) 82	1							_	3	S
3	03 04	0								4	A	13		1					-			4	S
4	04	0								5 6	A	13		1								5 6	S S
6	06	0								7	Α	134	4 86	1								7	S
7	07 08	0								8 9	A	13		1								8 9	S S
9	09	0								10	A	13		1								10	S
10	0A	0						-		11	A	13		1				-				11	S
11 12	0B 0C	0								12 13	A A	13		1				-			•	12 13	S S
13	0D	0								14	A	14	8D	1								14	S
14 15	0E 0F	0							_	15 16	A	14:		1							-	15 16	S
16	10	0						-		17	A	14	4 90	1				-	-		_	17	S S
17	11	0								18	Α	14	5 91	1								18	S
18 19	12 13	0								19 20	A	14	6 92 7 93	1								19 20	S S
20	14	0		1		1	-	-	-	20	A	14		1			1			-	-	20	S
21	15	0								22	Α	14	9 95	1								22	S
22 23	16 17	0								23 24	A	15		1								23 24	S S
24	18	0		1			-	-	-	24	A	15	2 98	1			1		-	-	-	25	S
25	19	0								26	Α	15		1								26	S
26 27	1A 1B	0								27 28	A	15		1							-	27 28	S S
28	1C	0			•			_	_	29	A	15	5 9C	1				-		-	_	29	S
29	1D	0								30	Α	15	7 9D	1								30	S
30 31	1E 1F	0								31 32	A	15		1								31 32	S S
32	20	0							_	33	A	16	0 A0	1								33	S
33 34	21	0								34	A	16		1						_		34	S
34 35	22 23	0								35 36	A	16	2 A2 3 A3	1								35 36	S S
36	24	0		•				_	_	37	A	16	1 A4	1			1			-	_	37	S
37	25	0						_		38	A	16		1						_		38	S
38 39	26 27	0								39 40	A	16		1								39 40	S S
40	28	0								41	Α	16	8 A8	1		Ē		•				41	S
41 42	29 2A	0						-		42 43	A	16		1								42 43	S S
43	2A 2B	0								43	A	17		1								43	S
44	2C	0		•						45	Α	17:	2 AC	1				•				45	S
45 46	2D 2E	0								46 47	A	17:		1								46 47	S S
46	2E 2F	0								47	A	17		1					-			47	S
48	30	0								49	Α	17	6 B0	1								49	S
49 50	31 32	0								50 51	A	17		1	_							50 51	S S
51	33	0								52	A	179	B3	1								52	S
52	34	0								53	A	18) B4	1								53	S
53 54	35 36	0								54 55	A	18 ⁻ 18:		1					-	-		54 55	S S
55	37	0		ī				-		56	Α	18	B B7	1					-			56	S
56	38	0								57	A	18	1 B8	1				•				57	S
57 58	39 3A	0								58 59	A	18		1								58 59	S S
59	3B	0								60	A	18	7 BB	1								60	S
60	3C	0								61	A	18		1				•				61	S
61 62	3D 3E	0								62 63	A	18		1						-		62 63	S S
63	3F	0								64	A	19		1								64	S
	4	valu																					

empty = value 0

■ = value 1, applies

A.4 Ordering Information

Short description	Description	Order code	bbn 40 16779 EAN	Price group	Weight 1 pcs [kg]	Pack unit [Pcs]
JA/S 4.SMI.1M	Blind/Shutter Actuator, 4-fold, SMI, MDRC	2CDG 110 028 R0011	65423 4	P2	0.25	1
SJR/S 4.24.2.1	Blind/Shutter Actuator, 4-fold, SMI LoVo, MDRC	2CDG 110 143 R0011	86446 6	P2	0.25	1

A.5 Notes



Notes

Contact

ABB STOTZ-KONTAKT GmbH

Eppelheimer Straße 82 69123 Heidelberg, Germany Telefon: +49 (0)6221 701 607 Telefax: +49 (0)6221 701 724 E-Mail: knx.marketing@de.abb.com

Further information and local contacts: www.abb.com/knx

Note:

We reserve the right to make technical changes or modify the contents of this document without prior notice. With regard to purchase orders, the agreed particulars shall prevail.

ABB AG does not accept any responsibility whatever for potential errors or possible lack of information in this document.

We reserve all rights to this document and in the subject matter and illustrations contained therein. Any reproduction, disclosure to third parties or utilization of its content – in whole or in parts – is forbidden without prior written consent of ABB AG.

Copyright© 2011 ABB All rights reserved

